THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

CABLE AND TELEGRAPH REPORT OF THE SCRIPPS-McRAE PRESS ASSOCIATION CO.

VOL. XVIII. NO. 69 LIMA, OHIO, THURSDAY, JANUARY 2 1902. PRICE THREE CENTS.

CUBA'S FIRST RULER

Palma Will Receive the Vote of the Electoral College.

Maso's Adherents Withdrew

From the Campaign Entirely, Not Only Withdrawing Their Candidate but Also Refusing to Go to the Polls Upon Election Day.

Havana, Jan. 2. — The indications are that the Palma ticket will be elected and that Tomas Estrada Palma, the Nationalist candidate for the presidency of Cuba, will receive the unanimous vote of the electoral college. The adherents of General Bartolome Maso (the Democratic candidate who recently withdrew from the campaign) not only withdrew their candidates, but refused to go to the polls. A remarkably light vote was polled throughout the island. La Discussion describes this indifference to the certainty on the part of the Palmaists of being victorious, and that consequently the majority of them remained at home and did not vote. La Lucha says that his light vote can be taken as a protest from the Cuban people against the imposition of official candidates. The Diario de la Marino says that the result is an indication that the Cuban Democracy may look upon American policy as inevitable.

PRESIDENT PALMA.

THE REBELS

Leave Martinique With a Shipload of Arms and Ammunition.

Port Au Prince, Hayti, Jan. 2.—The British steamer Ban Righ, renamed Libertador, which President Castra, of Venezuela, has proclaimed a pirate ship, has sailed from the island of Martinique, where she has lain for eight days. Gen. Manuel Mates, leader of the revolt in Venezuela, and over 300 of his followers boarded the ship at Martinique. The Libertador has a big cargo of arms and ammunition in her hold.

PET DOGS

Being Eaten by Agrarians to Escape Starvation.

Berlin, Jan. 2.—The distress among the Agrarians is most serious. Farmers are flocking to the cities in hope of obtaining food. Many have been compelled to eat dogs in order to escape starvation. Things have reached such an extremity that the authorities at the village of Geben are seriously considering a proposition to open a dog butchery in order to properly prepare the carcasses for consumption.

BOMB EXPLODED

In the Palace of the Grand Duke Constantine at Kiev, Russia.

Paris, Jan. 2.—A bomb was exploded last night in the palace of Grand Duke Constantin at Kiev, Russia. A good deal of damage was done but no one was injured. The Duke, at the time was entertaining. His numerous guests ran from the building in a panic of fear. Nihilists probably exploded the bomb.

INTO THE STREETS

Three Hundred Guests Rushed, Attired in Their Night Clothes.

New York, Jan. 2.—Three hundred guests of the Morton house, at Fourteenth street and Broadway, had a bad scare at 2 o'clock this morning when fire broke out in the basement and the hostelry filled with smoke. Many of the guests did not take time to put on clothes and they rushed out in their night clothing. It was only a few degrees above zero and the frightened guests shivered. Keith's theatre, adjoining the hotel building was on fire, and for a time it was feared that both structures were doomed. After an hour's work, however, the blaze was controlled. The loss is about $30,000.

"OLD FIGGERS"

Says Marcus Aurora Borealis Hanna Has the Best of the Fight.

As Their Highest Trump the Hanna Forces Declare Price a Saloon Candidate and Call Out the Anti-Saloon League.

Washington, Jan. 2.—Relative to the Foraker-Hanna fight, representative Grosvenor today said: "It looks to me as if Hanna had a shade best of it just now. I heard last night that the victory would be decided by just one vote. I think Senator Hanna will swing that vote when the show-down takes place."

Anti Saloon League at Work.

Columbus, Jan. 2.—The Ohio Anti-Saloon League has been summoned into action by the Hanna forces and Supt. Baker, of the League, is bringing all possible pressure to bear on the temperance members to vote for McKinnon for speaker. The Hanna people declare that Price is the candidate of the liquor interests. The Anti-Saloon League probably has a clear majority of the Republican caucus. This however, is the highest trump held by the Hanna people and if Price is beaten the Anti-Saloon League will have done it.

Grain and Pork.

Chicago, Jan. 2.—Closing May wheat 82¾; corn 66⅝; oats 46 1-8; pork 17.30.

Live Stock Market.

Chicago, Jan. 2.—Cattle 15,000, steady; hogs 40,000, shade lower; sheep 16,000, active to 10c to 15c higher.

Choate Withdraws.

New York, Jan. 2.—After a continuous service of nearly half a century in the law firm of Evarts, Choate & Beaman, Joseph H. Choate has withdrawn and temporarily, at least, will discontinue the practice of law. Mr. Choate communicated his intention to his associates some time ago, giving as his reason that his duties of state as ambassador from the United States to England have prevented his active participation in the affairs of the partnership for the last two years, and that these duties would consume so much of his time for several years to come that it would be impossible for him to pursue his law practice.

Filipino Force Fooled.

Manilla, Jan. 2.—Lieutenant Charles D. Rhodes of the Sixth cavalry, accompanied by two orderlies, when within six miles of Manilla, came across 20 armed insurgents in a quartel or barracks. The insurgents shouted "Americanos!" and Lieutenant Rhodes feigned a retreat. But in reality he took the quartel in flank and drove out the insurgents, capturing two rifles, three revolvers and some ammunition. Rhodes then burned the barracks and proceeded to Manilla.

A Threat.

Budapest, Jan. 2.—The Hungarian premier, De Zsell, while addressing a New Year reception of Liberals, severely chided the factions of the Austrian reichsrath which have prevented a financial settlement between Austria and Hungary. The premier declared that the tempest hour had struck, and if the matter was further delayed Hungary would adopt an independent fiscal policy.

Spared His Life.

Harrisburg, Pa. Jan. 2.—The board of pardons commuted to life imprisonment the death sentence of William Fairfax of Fayette for first degree murder.

RECORD

Of Business Failures in 1901

As Compiled from Dun & Company's Reports.

The Number of Failures and the Amount of Indebtedness Compare Favorably With the Preceding Year.

New York, Jan. 2.—Reports to R. G. Dun & Company show that failures for the year 1901 were 11,002 in number and $113,092,376 in amount of liabilities, while of banking and other fiduciary institutions, there were 74 insolvencies, involving $18,018,774, a total of 11,076 defaults and $131,111,150 liabilities. These figures compare very favorably with the 10,833 failures in 1900 with liabilities of $174,113,286, of which 49 were banks for $35,017,563. Manufacturing disasters in 1901 numbered 2,441 with an indebtedness of $41,960,983, compared with 2,409 in the previous year owing $51,702,142, while there were 7,965 suspensions of traders for $52,060,640, against 7,844 in 1900 with liabilities of $59,415,592. The defaulted liabilities were 96 cents to each $1,000 of bank exchange. A ratio to the number of firms in business shows that the entire amount of defaulted indebtedness averaged $94.33 for each concern. This amount compares with $119.63 in 1900, while going back to 1893 the average was $290.65.

Natives of Samar Hostile.

Manilla, Jan. 2.—General Wheaton's report from the island of Samar indicates that little has been accomplished there. The attitude of the natives is even more unfriendly than ever before. General Chaffee will probably visit the island in order to investigate the state of affairs prevailing there. On the other hand, in Batangas province, the organized campaign against the native warriors is progressing favorably and speedy results are expected.

Tragedy at Watch Party.

Augusta, Ga., Jan. 2.—Three people were killed and two wounded at Robbins, N. C., in a fight which occurred during a "watch party" given at the residence of Jesse Griffin. The participants in the fight were white people and well known in this part of the country. The victims are: George Dunbar and son Harry and Fletcher Bennett, killed; Mrs. Dunbar and Arthur Dunbar, a son, badly wounded.

For Governor of Arkansas.

Little Rock, Jan. 2.—Hon. E. W. Rector of Hot Springs announced his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for governor in opposition to Governor Jeff Davis, who is seeking a second term. This is the first time in 40 years that a Democratic governor of Arkansas has been opposed for renomination for a second term. Primary elections will be held throughout the state on March 29.

LEFT

After the Collision Occurred.

Two Lives Lost

And a Number of Persons Injured.

The Engineer Has Not Been Seen Since the Accident Happened.

His Fireman was Killed. The Wrecked Train Contained Some Valuable Race Horses, One of Which was Killed.

Keithville, La., Jan. 2.—Two lives were lost, one person seriously injured and the race horse George Arnold, for which $20,000 had been refused, was killed in a disastrous collision between Texas Pacific fast freight No. 67 and a Houston, East and West Texas freight on a siding at this place. The dead: W. J. Daniels, Houston, fireman; James Kane, stable attendant. Injured: Bob Edwards, negro fireman, both legs broken and severe internal injuries. Twelve cars of the Houston, East and West Texas train were burned to the trucks. The engineer of the Houston, East and West Texas train, who is said to have been Newt Denton, disappeared immediately after the accident. One car contained four race horses belonging to J. W. Fuller of Wills Point, Tex., which were en route from the winter meeting at New Orleans. George Arnold, the only one killed, won the Christmas handicap, the premier stake at New Orleans. The horse was insured for $9,000. Three other horses in the car, Queen Esher, Kate Ayre and Free State, were injured and escaped to the woods. James Kane, who was killed, was traveling with these horses.

NEWMAN DEAD.

Prominent Democratic Politician is No More.

Portsmouth, O., Jan. 2.—Hon. James W. Newman died at his home here. Several years ago he was one of the most prominent Democrats in the state and was elected secretary of state in 1882, defeating Charles Townsend. In [illegible] was in turn defeated by James S. Robinson of Kenton.

Marconi Honored.

Ottawa, Jan. 2.—Signor Marconi is being royally entertained in this city. He was among the callers on the governor general, Lord Minto. He was also the guest of Mgr. Falconi, the papal delegate, and Dr. Borden, minister of militia, was the host at a dinner given in his honor.

Struck by a Train.

Wabash, Ind., Jan. 2.—A vehicle in which Jacob Trick, his daughter, Miss Fannie Trick, and a Mrs. Kelly were riding was struck by a Big Four train eight miles north of Wabash. Miss Trick was killed, her father fatally and Mrs. Kelly seriously injured.

Business Situation in Germany.

Berlin, Jan. 2.—President Koch of the Reichsbank is of the opinion that the business situation in Germany has really taken a turn for the better, and believes the new year opens with somewhat better prospects. In an interview he says: "The worst appears to be past. This is not merely my personal impression. The statement is based on reports I have received from the various parts of Germany where an improvement of the situation has begun. I must admit that coal and iron do not show improvement. In Silesia, the Rhineland and Westphalia it appears that business can not improve. The overproduction has been doubtless too great."

Jimmy Handler Lost.

Waterbury, Conn., Jan. 2.—Before 2,000 people at the boxing exhibition of the National Athletic club, Young Peter Jackson of Baltimore and California defeated Jimmy Handler, the Newark welterweight, in three rounds. Handler acted like a novice in the first round. In the second he improved a trifle, but was clearly outclassed. In the third round Jackson sent the Newark man to the platform with a crash. He struggled to his feet, but Jackson smashed him all over the ring. A left inside hook to the jaw sent Handler to the ropes, which saved him from going down again. He was groping helplessly around the ring when Referee Charley White stopped the fig

PORTION

Of the Stolen Jewelry Recovered

And Returned to Millionaire Paul Thebaud.

Wife of Thebaud's Valet is Placed Under Arrest and Found in Possession of Other Jewels.

New York, Jan. 2.—Detectives have recovered $30,000 worth of jewelry stolen from Paul G. Thebaud. Some of it was found in a pawnshop in this city and the rest in a satchel. Kern, the valet, left the jewelry with the pawnbroker and was to have received a loan of $1,500. He received $700 and was to have returned for $800 and the ticket. He did not come back. The police have Mrs. Poillon, wife of a waiter, in custody. She is a native of Switzerland and was friendly with Kern. When arrested she had two satchels containing some of Kern's clothing and some of the Thebaud jewelry. She denies knowledge of the crime previous to its having been committed. She said that she and Kern had planned to go to Switzerland to live there. She declares she does not know what has become of Kern.

After the Northern Pacific.

Minneapolis, Jan. 2.—The attorneys of Peter Power declare that their client will appeal from the decision of Judge Lochren dissolving the injunction against the retirement of Northern Pacific preferred in the United States court of appeals at St. Louis. George A. Lambe, Power's principal attorney, says this can be done in a very short time, not more than six or seven days. Mr. Power declares that he has just begun to fight and denies with great emphasis that he brought the suit in collusion with the merger interests.

Kentucky Legislators.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 2.— Secretary Percy Haley of the Democratic state central committee, by authority of Chairman Young, issued a call for the party members of the general assembly to gather in caucus in their respective houses on Monday evening next, to select officers of the branches to be elected the following day. At these meetings a chairman will be chosen to preside over the caucus to select a nominee for United States senator.

Valuable Painting Damaged.

Chicago, Jan. 2. — The "Battle of Scapote Bridge," the painting by Verestchagen of the last contest in which General Lawton was engaged, fell while being taken from the walls of the Art institute, where the painting has been on exhibition. A large hole was torn in the canvas. Verestchagen said he thought it would be impossible to repair the damage. The painting was valued at $10,000.

Army Officer Found Dead.

Ilwaco, Wash., Jan. 2.—Lieutenant James F. Beven, Eighth artillery, was found dead in bed at Fort Canby. His brains were blown out and by his side was found a revolver. It is apparently a case of suicide, though no reason is known why he should take his life. He had risen from the ranks and was a very popular officer. Beven was 40 years old and served in Philippines.

MARYLAND

Legislature Meets and Organizes.

All of Last Year's Officers are Re-Elected.

Election of a United States Senator Creates No Interest, Senator Gorman Having But Little Opposition.

Annapolis, Jan. 2.—The general assembly of Maryland has began its deliberations. Noble L. Mitchell of Harford county was elected speaker of the house and Senator John Hubner of Baltimore county was re-elected president of the senate. All officers of last season were re-elected in both houses. The fact that notices of contests in the cases of six Republicans in the house and one in the senate were presented indicates the Democrats desire a more comfortable working majority both on joint ballot and in the house than they now have. The coming election of a United States senator created but little comment, as it is almost universally believed that former Senator Gorman will have no difficulty in securing the prize when the balloting

RESULT

Of the Pan-American Conference Not Likely to be Successful.

Compulsory Arbitration Plan

Has Caused a Breach That May Not be Repaired and Delegates from a Number of South American States Have Threatened to Withdraw.

City of Mexico, Jan. 2.—The situation in the Pan-American congress continues critical, and probably not until Saturday will the fate of the gathering be known. The Chilean delegation were closeted with one another, but when seen they declined to give any intimation as to their ultimate action. If they remain firm and refuse to allow the plan of compulsory arbitration to be reported, then either they or several of the other South American delegates must withdraw. The burden of peacemaking falls on the Mexicans, as the United States delegates remain neutral. Though the latter will not sign a plan of compulsory arbitration, they have no objection to allowing such a plan to be signed by some of the South American delegates to be reported to the conference as long as the United States goes on record as having nothing to do with it. Still the Americans will not take an active part in procuring admittance for the compulsory plan.

When asked why they do not take the same stand as the Americans, the Chileans hint that the introduction of the compulsory plan will be made the pretext of covert attacks on Chile like that of Baez; that the facts will be misrepresented abroad and that their enemies in South America may endeavor to use the semi-sanction of the conference for compulsory arbitration against Chile in the future. The situation is the theme of general conversation in political circles.

TAMMANY OFFICIALS

Stepped Gracefully Down and Out but Deverey Wanted to Stay.

New York, Jan. 2.—The new city government is in full swing today. In every department the Tammany officials retired gracefully. Deputy commissioner of police Deverey, however, insisted on filing a protest against his removal. He offered his services to Colonel Partridge, the new police commissioner. "I have nothing for you to do," said Col. Patridge. Deverey left in tears. When he left the building where he had ruled so long, those who formerly trembled at his very look, failed to salute him as he passed.

BIG SENSATION

Sprung by the Everett-Moore Electric Railway Syndicate.

The Syndicate Has Virtually Gone Into Liquidation and Excitement Reigns in Financial Circles at Cleveland.

Cleveland, Jan. 2.—By the consent of Everett and Moore, all of the affairs of their syndicate have been placed in the hands of a committee of local bankers which is to have absolute control, the banks here handling securities of the syndicate agreeing to extend the time of settlement eighteen months. It is virtually going into liquidation and financial circles are torn up by the sensation.

The cause of their move was their inability to realize, as they had expected, on certain securities which they wished to use in securing funds with which to carry on their many new projects. The local committee of bankers have asked all other creditors of the Everett-Moore syndicate to cooperate with him in granting an extension of eighteen months and this will probably be done, the affairs of the syndicate for that period of time remaining in the hands of the local committee of bankers.

Uribe Invades Colombia.

New York, Jan. 2.—According to cablegrams received by Dr. Rostropez head of the Colombian revolutionary junta here, Gen. Uribe-Uribe, revolutionary leader, with 3,000 men, invaded Colombia from Venezuela. The invasion was made in the Colombian province of Santander. Uribe is confronted by Gen. Gonzalos Valencio, according to the advices. In the rear of the government force is said to be a Liberal army, which recently took possession of the town of Bucaramanga. Four battalions of government troops in that town, it is said, joined the Liberal forces in a body.

Flew Into the Crowd.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 2.—It is understood the ice boat races on Lake Monona came to a rather sudden and tragic end when one of the boats flew into a crowd of spectators, fatally injuring John A. Fiscus, a butcher, and severely injuring Colbert Sullivan and Willie Spencer, young boys.

Compulsory Vaccination.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 2.—The steamer Kaga Maru, from Hongkong, reports that owing to an outbreak of smallpox in some of the Philippine Islands the civil commission has prepared an act for the compulsory vaccination of all persons in the islands.

Bricklayers Locked Out.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 2.—The members locked out by contractors because the men would not agree to the contractors' rules, and practically every building where bricklayers are employed is at a standstill.

Town Wiped Out.

Texarkana, Jan. 2.—Fire nearly wiped out the town of Foreman, 30 miles north of here, on the Arkansas and Choctaw railway. The loss was $32,500, and most of the losers were insured. The fire was of incendiary origin.

Accidentally Killed.

Louisville, Jan. 2. — William Goddard, prominent young business man, was killed while hunting at Greensburg, Ky., by the accidental discharge of his shotgun, which he was cleaning.

Officers Shot.

Pretoria, Jan. 2.—Two officers of the intelligence department who were sent to Patri with Boers who desired to surrender near Warm Baths were shot by concealed Boers.

Plaisted's Remains.

Memphis, Jan. 2.—The remains of E. D. Plaisted, the Ohio traveling man who committed suicide here, were shipped to his relatives in Springfield.

Boer Losses During 1901.

London, Jan. 2.—Official returns show that the Boer losses by killed, wounded and surrendered during 1901

DITCHED.

Serious Accident on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Nearly a Score are Caught

And Two of Them were Fatally Injured. The Train Which Went Off the Track was Through Passenger Train Between Pittsburg and N. Y.

Pittsburg, Jan. 2.—As a result of a through passenger train on the Baltimore and Ohio road jumping the track, two men are dead and 17 injured, five of whom are seriously hurt. The dead: John Collins, Connellsville, Pa., engineer; —— McCune, Connellsville, fireman. Seriously injured: D. J. Partella, mail clerk, Washington, D. C.; William Avery, a Baltimore and Ohio engineer; C. A. Young, mail clerk, Hagerstown, Md.; G. W. Ryan, Baltimore; R. R. Souser, Napier, Pa. The injured were all taken to Meyersdale for treatment as quickly as the relief train from Cumberland could get them there.

The train which was ditched was the through passenger, which left here for New York. It was a fully vestibuled train, composed of engine, baggage car, postal car, two coaches, sleeper and Pullman chair car. In going down the steep grade one and a half miles from Glencoe the engine, from some cause as yet unexplained, jumped the track at the curve, and the entire train piled on top of it. Probably the only thing that prevented a wholesale death list was the fact that the heavy vestibule cars did not break up in going over the embankment. The work to rescue the injured had to be done quickly, because the gas tanks in the cars were exploded and set fire to the wreckage. The flames spread rapidly and in a short time the entire train was burned.

Your Liver

Will be roused to its natural duties and your biliousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

Temperance Instruction Denounced.

Chicago, Jan. 2.—Scientific temperance instruction as taught in the public schools from the text books now in use, together with anti-vivisection, anti-vaccination and Christian science, were denounced by Professor William T. Sedgwick, president of the American Association of Naturalists, at a banquet. "Scientific temperance instruction," he said, "has grown to such proportions and has gained such power as to dominate almost all instruction in elementary physiology and hygiene in America. It is right, of course, that pupils should be taught the danger of alcohol and narcotics, but teachers often go too far, and it even appears that all instruction in physiology and hygiene in public schools has passed to a great and unjustifiable extent into the hands and under the subjection of the temperance propaganda."

Tommy White's Hard Luck.

St. Louis, Jan. 2.—Joe Bernstein of New York was awarded the decision over Tommy White of Chicago by Referee Stewart at the end of 15 rounds of fighting before the West End club. The decision, in the opinion of many at the ringside, was an injustice to the Chicago boxer. White landed repeatedly with left jabs throughout the fight. In the early rounds Bernstein attempted to rush, but left counters, beautifully timed, stopped him. In every round White landed repeatedly with his left on Bernstein's face. Bernstein would rally near the end of each round, and for about 30 seconds would rush and rough matters, doing, however, little or no damage to White. The men fought at 126 pounds.

Fuel Famine.

Roanoke, Va., Jan. 2.—A South Carolina man who was in Roanoke arranging, it is understood, for coal shipments to that state, said that owing to the floods it has been impossible to utilize water to generate power, and there being little coal available it was believed there was danger of a suspension on the part of some of the mills in South Carolina. The fuel famine seems to be general, as there are said to be complaints in all directions. It is understood nearly all of the coal-bearing roads have been seriously hampered of late by high water and destructive floods; besides, the Christmas holidays and consequent inability to secure miners has cut off the supply at the fields.

Old Fashioned Cold Cures

are going out of date. The busy man of today cannot afford to lie abed a whole day and undergo the martyrdom of the sweating process. Krause's Cold Cure are capsules of convenient size, and can be taken without danger while performing your usual duties. They cure in 24 hours. Price 25c. Sold by W. M. Melville.

Ohio Legislative Contest.

Columbus, O., Jan. 2.—It is probable that the hour for holding the house and senate caucuses, which hav been called for 4 p. m. Saturday next, will be changed to 2 o'clock on the same afternoon. General Charles Dick of Akron is expected here this evening. He will, it is said, assist the Hanna forces in the contest over the organization of the legislature. Both sides are still claiming the victory. George B. Cox, the Hamilton county leader, is expected to arrive during the day.

Famous Chemist.

Monterey, Mex., Jan. 2.—Dr. Charles Harbordt, one of the most widely known chemists and metallurgists in the republic of Mexico, is dead. Dr. Harbordt was a native of Belleville, Ills., and was formerly connected with a smelting plant at Argentine, Kan.

Senator Berry.

Little Rock, Jan. 2.—Reports from Bentonville state that United States Senator James H. Berry's condition has improved materially, and that he expects to leave at once for Washington.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Prices For Jan. 1.

CLEVELAND—Cattle: Good to choice dry fed steers, 1,200 lbs. and upwards, $5 10@5 25; good to choice dry fed, 1,050 to 1,150 lbs., $4 75@5 00; green half fat, 1,050 to 1,200 lbs., $4 25@4 50; green half fat, 900 to 1,000 lbs., $3 75@4 00; good to choice heifers, $4 25@4 60; fair to good heifers, $3 50@4 00; cows, common to choice, $2 00@3 50; bulls, good to choice, $2 75@3 50. Sheep and Lambs—Good to choice wether sheep, $3 75@4 00; fair to good mixed sheep, $3 25@3 60; culls and common, $2 00@3 00; good to choice lambs, $5 00@5 65; fair to good, $5 00@5 50; culls and common, $4 00@4 50. Calves—Good to best, $6 00@7 50. Hogs—Mediums, $6 70; Yorkers, $6 25.

CHICAGO—Cattle: Good to prime steers, $6 75@7 50; poor to medium, $3 75@5 60; stockers and feeders, $2 00@4 00; cows, $1 25@4 65; heifers, $1 75@5 25; canners, $1 25@2 30; bulls, $1 75@4 50. Calves—$2 50@6 50. Sheep and Lambs—Good to choice wethers, $4 00@4 80; fair to choice mixed, $3 00@3 90; western sheep, $4 00@4 50; native lambs, $3 00@5 85; western fed lambs, $5 30. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6 00@6 60; good to choice heavy, $6 40@6 75; rough heavy, $6 00@6 25; light, $5 35@6 50. Wheat—No. 2 red, 85@87c. Corn—No. 3, 62½@62¾c. Oats—No. 2, 45¾@46c.

PITTSBURG—Cattle: Choice, $6 25@6 50; prime, $6 00@6 20; good, $5 40@5 75; tidy butchers, $4 85@5 25; fair, $4 25@4 70; heifers, $3 75@5 00; cows, stags and bulls, $2 00@4 25; fresh cows, $25 00@50 00. Sheep and Lambs—Choice sheep, $4 00@4 25; good, $3 70@3 80; fair, $3 20@3 50; lambs, $4 00@6 60. Calves—$7 00@8 00. Hogs — Prime heavy, $6 80@6 85; heavy mediums, $6 65@6 75; light mediums, $6 50@6 60; heavy Yorkers, $6 40@6 50; light Yorkers, $6 20@6 30; pigs, $5 50@6 00.

BUFFALO—Cattle: Good to prime, $6 25@6 50; fair to good exporters, $5 75@6 25; shipping, $5 65@6 00; butchers, $4 50@5 40; cows, $2 75@4 00; heifers, $3 50@5 25; bulls, $3 00@4 25; feeders, $3 00@4 10; stockers, $3 00@3 60. Sheep and Lambs—Best lambs, $6 25; fair to good, $5 75@6 00; mixed sheep, $4 00@5 00; culls and bucks, $2 50@3 00; wethers and yearlings, $4 75@5 00. Calves—$6 00@8 50. Hogs — Pigs, $4 00; Yorkers, $6 50@6 60; mediums and heavy, $6 80@6 90.

COLUMBUS—Fruits and Vegetables—Jobbers' Selling Prices—Cabbage, York state, $1 00 per cwt. Celery—Ohio, $2 00@3 00 per case; California, $4 00. Cranberries—Per bbl., $7 50; per crate, $2 25@2 50. Grapes—Catawbas, 15c. Honey—24 sections, per lb., 17@18c. Potatoes—95c per bu. Sweet potatoes—Mediums, $2 75; Jerseys, $4 00 per bbl. Onions—$3 75 per bbl.; Spanish, $1 75 per crate.

NEW YORK—Cattle: Steers, $4 80@5 25; culls, $2 25@4 00; cows, $1 50@4 00. Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, $2 50@4 00; culls, $2 00@2 25; lambs, $5 00@6 37½; culls, $3 00@3 75. Calves—Veals, $5 00@9 00; barnyard calves, $3 37½@4 00. Wheat—No. 2 red, 88¾c. Corn—No. 2, 70¾c. Oats—No 2, 52c.

CINCINNATI—Wheat: No. 2 red, 89½@90c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 69½c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 48½@49c Rye—No. 2, 70c. Lard—$9 70. Bulk meats—$8 67½. Bacon—$9 62½. Hogs—$4 25@6 60. Cattle—$2 50@5 65. Sheep—$1 50@3 40. Lambs—$2 75@5 25.

TOLEDO—Wheat, 88¾c; corn, 66c; oats, 47c; cloverseed, $5 90.

It's funny that people are not in the swim when society throws them overboard.

This is a small ad but it tells of a great remedy.

Tonsiline

will positively cure any form of sore throat inside 24 hours. Druggists everywhere 25 and 50 cents.
The Tonsiline Co., Canton, Ohio.

A HISTORIC ESTATE

THE STORY OF FAMOUS OLD BATTLE ABBEY.

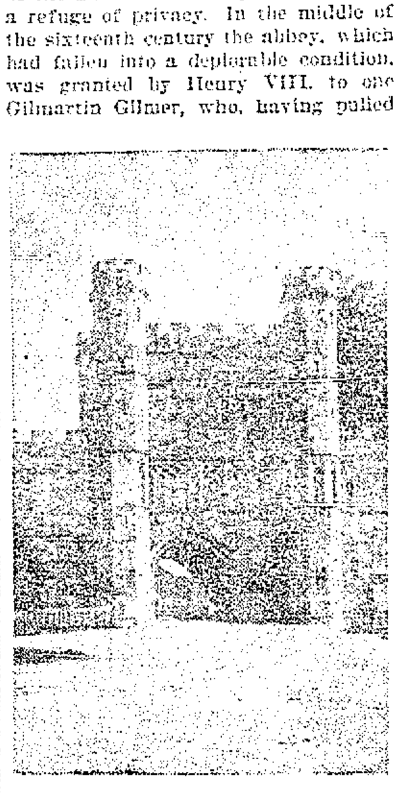
Erected by William the Conqueror to Commemorate His Victory—Its Founding In A. D. 1066 and Its Many Vicissitudes.

"Going—going—gone!" cried the auctioneer at a recent sale in London, and then was sold a piece of property which, from its association with the battle of Hastings, is inseparably bound up with the story of the British nation. It was no less a place than Battle abbey, erected by William the Conqueror in 1066 to commemorate his victory.

Since the time of the first William it has had many owners and has now become the property of Sir Augustus Frederick Webster. The new owner is a descendant of Sir Thomas Webster, who bought the abbey from Viscount Montague in 1719 and whose family retained possession of it for 137 years.

Battle abbey is situated near Battle, Sussex. The town was formerly called Epiton and received its present name from being the spot on which the Saxons, under Harold, were defeated by William, duke of Normandy, in 1066. The Norman duke, marching from Pevensey, a few miles away, where he had landed, found the Saxons intrenched behind a stockade on ground which lies within the inclosure of the Battle estate. So stubborn was the defense that the fate of the day was uncertain until William ordered his archers to shoot upward. An arrow pierced Harold's eye, and he fell, with a few of his earls faithful to the last. After the battle Duke William, known as the Conqueror, founded a magnificent abbey to commemorate his victory. The high altar in the church is said to have stood on the very spot where the body of the Saxon prince was found.

The abbey was intrusted to the Benedictine order and enjoyed for 500 years great celebrity. The church was consecrated on Feb. 11, 1094, during a visit of William Rufus to Hastings, and the occupants of the original abbey came from the Benedictine monastery of Marmoutier-les-Tours, on the banks of the Loire, founded by St. Martin as a refuge of privacy. In the middle of the sixteenth century the abbey, which had fallen into a deplorable condition, was granted by Henry VIII. to one Gilmartin Gilmer, who, having pulled down many of the buildings, sold the lands to the king's master of the horse, Sir Anthony Browne, "the same who had the courage to bring to his royal master the fatal message of death."


BATTLE ABBEY.

Sir Anthony, without losing any time, at once began building operations, and the present splendid old manor house was finished by his son, Viscount Montague. The next owner was Sir Thomas Webster, and the Webster family sold it to Lord Henry Vane, who ultimately became Duke of Cleveland. On the death of the Duchess of Cleveland, who for a long time had been its chatelaine, Battle abbey, the lordship of the manor and the several thousand acres of land passed into the possession of Captain Forester, who has just sold it at auction.

The recent sale of Battle abbey recalls an amusing anecdote of the late Duchess of Cleveland, who was one of the wittiest women of her generation. Her grace was present at a certain dinner party given by a well known American millionaire by way of housewarming his new palatial offices on the Thames embankment. The host was pointing out to his distinguished guests the various beauties of the establishment, enlarging especially on the splendor and cost of the grand staircases of alabaster and onyx. Becoming a little wearied by these encomiums, the duchess finally interrupted him with:

"Yes, it is very fine, extremely fine—so much finer than my staircases at Raby and Battle, but these, you know, have been sadly damaged by the mailed heels of crusaders tramping up and down them."

A legend of Battle abbey is that while Sir Anthony was celebrating his housewarming in the abbot's hall a monk appeared, strode up to the dais and pronounced a solemn malediction on the despoiler of the church—"By fire and water your line shall come to an end and perish out of the land." Some discern in subsequent events the entire fulfillment of the curse. The family mansion at Cowdray was completely destroyed by fire, the eighth Lord Montague was drowned in the Rhine in a rash attempt to shoot the falls of Laudenburg, and finally in 1815 the last two male descendants of the Montagues were drowned off Bognor.

GAGE'S SUCCESSOR.

New Cabinet Officer Is Democratic, Modest and a Millionaire.

Six years ago Leslie Mortimer Shaw, governor of Iowa, who has been appointed secretary of the treasury to succeed Lyman J. Gage, was practically unknown outside of his home town. During this brief period Governor Shaw has leaped from obscurity to national fame, and today his name is as well known as that of any man in the public eye.

When William J. Bryan was stumping the country in his first campaign, Mr. Shaw heard him discuss the silver question, and he determined to answer the speech. This he did a week later at Denison, Ia., and continued making sound money speeches until the close of the campaign. These speeches not only landed him in the gubernatorial chair of Iowa, but they also brought him before the country as a man who had a comprehensive knowledge of the financial problem.

LESLIE MORTIMER SHAW.

Governor Shaw is noted for his democracy, and some people have criticised him for what they term his "lack of dignity"—a lack that has resulted in likening him to Lincoln. A visitor to the statehouse is as likely to find him talking to workmen about the building as with his official advisers. This democracy has endeared him to the people of the state and has made him invincible in political contests. He was born in a log cabin in Vermont and spent his boyhood on a Vermont farm.

The home life of the governor is in keeping with his simple character. He is a Methodist and is opposed to dancing. Liquor he never drank, he does not know the taste of tobacco and is said to treat his servants as his equals. He is fifty-four years old and very hale and vigorous.

The family of Governor and Mrs. Shaw consists of Miss Enid Shaw, the eldest child, who is now attending Cornell college at Mount Vernon, Ia.; their son Earl, seventeen years old, is a student at Culver Military academy, and Erma, aged fifteen, is the only child now at home.

As a worker the new member of the cabinet is indefatigable. He is an early riser and has immense respect for the winning capacity of hard work. His wealth is estimated at $1,500,000, so he will have no difficulty in meeting the social demands of his position.

HAY'S DAUGHTER TO WED.

Washington Society Agog Over Coming Nuptial Event.

What promises to be one of the most brilliant events of the social season in Washington is the forthcoming marriage of Miss Helen Hay, daughter of the secretary of state, and Mr. Payne Whitney, son of William C. Whitney of New York.

Miss Hay is one of the most popular girls in the official set at the national capital. She has won some fame as a writer of pretty verses and is the author of several books of poems.

Photo by Chnedinst.

PAYNE WHITNEY.

Payne Whitney is a graduate of Yale and was recently admitted to the New York bar in the appellate division of the supreme court. He is a lover of outdoor sports and very popular with his friends. He has traveled extensively in this country and Europe and last summer crossed the ocean with his uncle, Colonel Oliver Payne, and a party of friends in the latter's yacht, the Aphrodite.

DECIDED BY HIS WIFE.

Gov. Shaw Accepts Treasury Portfolio on Her Advice.

"I GUESS MAYBE WE CAN STAND IT"

So Says New Cabinet Member's Wife, but She Thinks Mr. Gage Spent Too Much Entirely—"I Don't Want to Make Mr. Shaw Hard Up," She Says.

The appointment of Governor Leslie M. Shaw as secretary of the treasury has occasioned scarcely more interest in Des Moines, Ia., than the attendant elevation of Mrs. Shaw to the social prominence of the wife of a cabinet officer, says the New York World.

Five years ago Governor Shaw was not known outside the little town of Denison, in which he was chiefly noted for activity in the Methodist church. Up to that time Mrs. Shaw's social life was only that of a popular woman of comfortable means in a town of 2,000 population. Prior to her marriage she was Miss Alice Crewshaw. Her stepfather was a farmer near Clinton. At the time of the marriage Mr. Shaw was poor.

Upon her removal to Des Moines as the wife of the governor Mrs. Shaw won popularity because of her guilelessness and affability. She now looks forward to her prospective social activity at Washington with the utmost pleasure, though she has little conception of just what will be expected of her and is more or less bewildered at the outlook.

"I've always done my best wherever I've been," she said, "and I'm not at all frightened. I now they say Mr. Gage spent $100,000 more than his salary, owing to the demands of society, but that seems to me needless and a trifle foolish. Mr. Shaw told me Senator Allison assured him we would be able to go out in society all that is necessary on $5,000 a year more than his salary, and I guess maybe we can stand that for a few years. I don't want to make Mr. Shaw hard up, and I shall not, but you know I've always borne my share of society work, and I expect I shall in Washington. They say it nearly wrecked Mrs. Gage's health, but I shall not be alarmed on that account, as I'm so well and strong.

"When Mr. Shaw went to Dubuque to see Senator Allison, he didn't make any promises until he could see me. When he got back again, he said to me he didn't want to go anywhere his wife and children could not go with honor and comfort, and he left the decision to me. Yes, I practically had the deciding voice. I didn't much like the idea of changing our plans after having made all arrangements to return to Denison next month and spending $2,500 in making over our house, but I realized it was too great an honor to decline and so I decided he should accept.

"But, really now, is it quite sure he's going to get the place after all? He's never yet received any notice from President Roosevelt direct and was only asked through Senator Allison if he would accept if it was offered. It seems to me it might yet fall through. Don't you think so?

"Well, well, I suppose it's just a woman's foolish notion. Men, and politicians especially, know much more about such things. Perhaps this is the usual way of going about making an appointment."

Mrs. Shaw declares she will depart as soon as the governor does, taking the family and the household effects. She does not expect this to take place, however, until after the inauguration of Governor Cummins, Jan. 16. She spent the day visiting the best local modistes, but says she will wait until she reaches Washington to have her best gowns made.

NEW JOURNALISM IN JAPAN

Christian Daily at Tokyo Will Reform Oriental Ideas.

U. Kawai, a Japanese newspaper man, is in St. Joseph, Mo., buying part of a newspaper plant, which is to be shipped to Tokyo to form the nucleus of a great property for a Christian daily, the first in that part of the world, says the Philadelphia Press. He has just consulted the Rev. Charles Sheldon of Topeka, receiving that gentleman's ideas on the subject. He will complete his other purchases, including typesetting machines, in Chicago and in eastern cities.

"The journal will bear in mind," said Kawai, "the great interests of humanity and will endeavor to remove the prevailing narrow conceptions of patriotism and nationalism and implant instead a broad, brotherly sympathy for the whole world."

A Poet to His Friends.

Many of the friends of Mr. Arthur Stringer, the Canadian poet, received just before Christmas postal cards on which was written the following clever quatrain:

If thoughts of yez all were cranberry sarce,
An' wishes were turkeys this day,
Ye'd be 'atin' a gobbler the lingth av a harse,
With trimmin's the soize av a shay.

Latest London Fancies.

The ladybird is the latest fancy in trinkets in London. "Lucky ladybird" brooches are selling very rapidly. The insect is imitated in colored enamel on the center of a gold safety pin. Mauve and pink furniture is the latest fancy of the artistic—mauve wood, pink satin brocade and curtains which are shot with both colors and figured with a pattern of sweet peas.

Contains the remedial properties of fresh celery in concentrated form, combined with curative herbs.

Wright's Celery Tea will cure rheumatism and all disorders of the nerves, liver, kidneys and stomach

Sold in 25c. and 50c. boxes by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price.
THE WRIGHT MEDICAL CO., Columbus, Ohio.

STORIES OF CAPTAIN LEARY

Interesting Incidents In the Career of Guam's Ex-Governor.

With the death of Captain Richard P. Leary a unique figure passes from the navy, says the New York Herald. He was appointed to the Naval academy from Maryland in 1860 and during the civil war was attached to the blockading squadron at Charleston. He was next heard of prominently at Samoa during the stirring times that culminated when the tornado of 1889 destroyed the German and American warships in those waters.

Captain Leary was then in command of the Adams, a little vessel of antique type. The German flagship was the Adler, a much superior ship. There were troublous times in Samoa, but the nations represented by their warships in those waters were supposed to maintain neutral positions. The Adler one day steamed past the Adams and saluted. Strapped to the German ship's mast was a native rebel chief. Captain Leary's ship did not return the salute, and the German commander lowered a boat and sent to learn the reason. Captain Leary's reply was characteristic:

"Tell your commander that the United States does not salute any vessel engaged in the slave trade."

Another time, learning that the German man-of-war had left the harbor to bombard a fort on an island under American control in support of Germany's candidate for the Samoan chieftainship, Captain Leary got the little Adams under way and arrived off the island as the bombardment was about to begin. Cleared for action, the little vessel darted between the German ship and the shore, and not a gun was fired.

During the Spanish-American war Captain Leary commanded the San Francisco in West Indian waters. He afterward was appointed governor of Guam, which he ruled as he would his ship. He required the natives to marry, called on the men to perform a certain amount of work each day and even prescribed how much poultry should be maintained by each family.

Captain Leary was regarded in the navy as a brave and efficient officer of great executive ability and was very popular.

Blown to Atoms.

The old idea that the body sometimes needs a powerful, drastic, purgative pill has been exploded; for Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are perfectly harmless, gentle stimulate liver and bowels to expell poisonous matter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure constipation and sickheadache. Only 25c at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store.

Probable Objections.

"Do you think your father would object to my marrying you?" Heiress—"I don't know. If he's anything like me he would."

They Never Depress.

You will never have that depressed or stupid feeling after taking Clinic Headache Wafers for the cure of your headache. They work directly on the nerves, act as a tonic to the heart and leave you bright and ready for work. A child or the weakest invalid can take them with perfect safety. 10 cents at all druggists. 4

A Serious Case.

"My boy," said the proud mother, "never uses slang." "Dear me," returned the sympathetic neighbor, "what seems to be the matter with him? Nothing serious, I hope."—Chicago Post.

LA GRIPPE coughs often continue for months and sometimes lead to fatal results after the patient is supposed to have passed the danger point. Foley's Honey and Tar affords positive protection and security from these **COUGHS.**

H. F. Vortkamp, corner Main and North streets.

His Limitations.

"I don't see why you are so prejudiced against Mr. Hunter. I am sure he is a man of stable qualities."

"Yes; but you see, mamma, nobody could call him a thoroughbred."—Washington Star.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Jacob Reichelderfer, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as executrix of the estate of Jacob Reichelderfer, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated tihs 28th day of December, A. D. 1901.

AMANDA REICHELDERFER,
Layton & Son, Attorneys. Executrix.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

Notice is hereby given that the stockholders meeting of the Allen County Building and Loan Association Company will be held on January 4th, 1902 at the office of the association, to elect three directors and transact any other business that may come before the meeting. Meeting will be open from 7 to 9 p. m.

AMOS YOUNG,
dec 23-tt Secretary.

ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

Before F. E. Duffield, Justice of the Peace, Ottawa township, Allen county, Ohio.

Wm. Pifer, plaintiff,
vs.
Barney Jones, defendant.

On the 18th day of November, 1901, said Justice of the Peace issued an order of attachment, in the above action, for the sum of eleven and 50-100 dollars ($11 50).

Lima, Ohio, Dec. 19, 1901.
WM. PIFER,
58-6wks Plaintiff.

ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

Before F. E. Duffield, Justice of the Peace, Ottawa township, Allen county, Ohio.

J. F. Schilling, plaintiff,
vs.
John Walsh, defendant.

On the 30th day of November, 1901, said Justice of the Peace issued an order of attachment, in the above action, for the sum of two and 50-100 dollars ($2.50).

Lima, Ohio, Dec. 19, 1901.
J. F. SCHILLING,
58-6wks Plaintiff.

ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

Case No. 5635.
Docket 4. Page 45.
Anna E. Marmon
vs.
David Machan.

Before Wm. E. Reilly, Justice of the Peace, within and for Ottawa township, Allen county, Ohio.

The defendant will take notice that on the 20th day of November, A. D. 1901, said Justice issued an order of attachment in the above entitled action for the sum of $162.50 and that said attachment will be for hearing upon the 16th day of January, A. D. 1902, at 9 o'clock a. m., at his said office.

Lima, Ohio, Dec. 17, 1901.
ANNA E. MARMON.
MINER A. ATMUR, Atty. 57-6wks

THE NORTHERN OHIO RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Northern Ohio Railway Company, for the election of directors and other general purposes, will be held at the office of The Lake Erie & Western Railroad Company, in Lima, Ohio, on Monday, January 13th, 1902.

The transfer books will be closed December 21st, 1901, at 12 o'clock noon, and will be reopened January 14th, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m.

CHARLES F. COX, Secretary.
dec 13-4wks.

NOTICE OF FILING OF PETITION

For Authority to Encumber Church Property.

Notice is herby given that on the 24th day of December, 1901, W. O. Roberts, W. W. Williams, J. L. Sheick, J. L. Davies and G. W. Griffith, as trustees of the Presbyterian church of Gomer, Ohio, filed in the court of common pleas of Allen county, Ohio, a certain petition praying for authority to procure a loan of five hundred ($500.00) dollars for the purpose of completing a house of worship now being erected on the premises of said church located in said village of Gomer, and described as follows: Lot number ten, (10), in the village of Gomer, except therefrom the following described tract: Commencing at the southwest corner of said lot; thence east on the south line of said lot, thirty (30), feet; thence north on a line parallel with the west line of said lot, twenty (20) feet; thence west on a line parallel with said south line of said lot, thirty (30) feet to the west line of said lot; thence south to the place of beginning; and to secure such loan by mortgage on said premises.

Said petition will be for hearing on and after the 27th of January, 1902.

Trustees of the Gomer Presbyterian Church.
Henderson & Rogers,
attorneys for Trustees.
Dec. 28-4 wks.

NEWS

Of the City Across the River.

The Reception

Held by Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Drennen

Proved a Delightful Event That was Thoroughly Enjoyed.

G. W. Bishop Perfects a New Gasoline Burner and Sells it at a Handsome Price to a Van Wert Company.

Those priviledged to attend the New Year party at Prof. and Mrs. J. F. Drennen's, of south Elizabeth street, last night, were hospitably entertained. The event was in compliment to Miss Katherine Davidson, of Middletown. A six o'clock dinner was followed by a musical and elocutionary program of excellent merit.

At his residence on south Elizabeth street last night Rev. W. J. Hagerman pastor of Grace church, officiated at the wedding of Miss Tahna Mason, to Charles Miller. The bride is an estimable young lady of German township, and Mr. Miller is a popular railway employe. They will make their future home on the south side. Their many friends offer congratulations.

Miss Hattie Glenn, of south Pine street, is entertaining a number of friends from Kenton.

LeRoy Wheeler, of east Kibby street, returned yesterday from a week's visit at Columbia City, Huntington, and Ft. Wayne, Ind.

During the holidays Mr. and Mrs. Hagerman entertained at their home on south Elizabeth street, Trueman Baxter, of Delphos, W. G. Green, of Findlay and the Misses Alice and Kate Hagerman, of Dunkirk, all of whom have gone to their respective homes.

Charles Shrader, of south Elizabeth street, is joyous over the arrival at his home of a pretty baby girl.

L. T. Watkins came home last night from Anderson, Ind., where he paid his venerable mother a week's visit.

Joseph Atwood departed last night for Santa Fe, Cal., where he has accepted an important position with a railroad company.

John Mochart, of Spencerville, was the guest yesterday of J. B. Kennedy, of Second street.

Nelson Day arrived home this morning from Columbus Grove, where he attended a grand New Years party yesterday.

Gale Hagerman went to Dunkirk this morning to enjoy the sociability of friends and relatives several days.

F. A. Allen and family left this morning for Atlanta, Ga., where they will make their future home.

George Leffel, of Spencerville, visited yesterday with his brother, Phil Leffel, of south Main street.

Mrs. Rodell, of south Elizabeth street, has for her guest, Mrs. Westerfield, of Delphos.

For the past several months, G. W. Bishop, of Holmes avenue, has been perfecting a gasoline burner for heating and cook stoves. Some time ago he had his invention patented. Several manufacturers who inquired into its merits were favorably impressed. They offered Mr. Bishop various inducements but he refrained from disposing of his patent until yesterday, when he made an outright sale to a company at Van Wert. The originator of the burner has expended considerable time labor and money but has realized handsomely from its sale. He claims to have a burner that will meet all the requirements of the ordinary heating stove with a trifling expense. It is claimed for the invention that it will utilize the gasoline for the purpose intended without smoking.

Lonis Lamb, who recently invented and had patented a nut lock has succeeded in organizing a company to manufacture the article. At the time Lamb completed his invention there were several other similar articles upon the market but his lock appears to be somewhat superior to any now employed.

Inflamed Kidneys

Cause the excretion of urine to be wrong. The excretion of a diseased organ is bound to be wrong. Such urine burns and scalds when it is passed. It causes an uneasiness about the region of the bladder. It causes a frequent desire to urinate, great nervousness at times, and sometimes pain in passing the urine. Whenever these symptoms are present, you may be sure that it is high time that you were taking

SANURY

the one remedy that can be relied on to cure inflammation of the kidneys. Remember that while these symptoms are in themselves disagreeable enough, they are but the warnings of more serious trouble, and great suffering to follow, if not checked in time. Sanury makes wonderful cures, acting with promptness and effecting lasting results. With Sanury it is once cured, forever cured. For Sanury gets at the bottom of the trouble and removes the cause.

$1.00 a bottle at all Druggists.
SIMMS MEDICINE CO. St. Louis, Mo.
B 113

"BARBARA FRITCHIE" FRIDAY NIGHT.

"Barbara Frietchie," famous for its long New York run and its successful career in all parts of the country, will be presented here on Friday evening. The elaboration of production made by Charles Frohman in all his greatest plays has been commented upon extensively elsewhere. The play, written by Clyde Fitch, whose achievements in this line have placed him foremost among American playrights, is a story of the great strife between the North and South, and it is full of scenes which are witnessed by audiences with extraordinary enthusiasm. Miss Frances Gaunt plays the part of Barbara, who has been transformed for better dramatic purposes in the play, to a Maryland girl whose great love for a young Federal officer is attended by distressing vicissitudes. That part of the play which has aroused audiences to the highest pitch of excitement depicts the incident around which Whitier wrote his famous poem, in which Stonewall Jackson orders his men to respect and offer no violence to the women who waved the Union flag from the balcony of the Frietchie household.

"Peck's Bad Boy."

To mention Peck's Bad Boy to a youngster is the next thing to telling him a circus is coming to town. At the Faurot next Saturday afternoon and evening the old as well as the young will have the opportunity to see that frolicsome youth disporting himself and make life a burden to all who come in contact with him; he will illustrate new inventions in the practical joking line and amuse in many ways.

TRIPLE TRAGEDY

Followed by a Wreck of a Special Train Carrying Physicians.

Kalispiel, Mon., Jan. 2.—Patrick Sullivan of Jennings, Mon., shot his wife, his grandchild and himself with fatal results to himself and the child, while his wife is in a dangerous condition. He is an old miner, well known around Butte. His wife runs the section house at Jennings. The citizens of Jennings sent to Kalispel for medical aid, and a special train was sent with two physicians and the coroner. At a point just west of Laverne the engine jumped the track, instantly killing Engineer Herron and seriously injuring Fireman Wilson, who was scalded. The caboose did not leave the track, but the doctors proceeded to Jennings, while the dead and injured were brought to Kalispel.

Michigan Invincible.

Pasadena, Cal., Jan. 2.—By the decisive score of 49 to 0 the Michigan university football team defeated Stanford university. Michigan's superior knowledge of the game showed in every play. At kicking, general team work, running, tackling and bucking the line the Michigan men excelled. Perhaps the strongest feature of their playing was the phenomenal punting of Sweeley, Michigan's right end. In every exchange of punts Stanford lost ground which they could not gain. In the first half, however, Stanford showed well the first 20 minutes.

Loubet to the Czar.

Paris, Jan. 2.—President Loubet sent the following message to the czar: "I am deeply touched by the good wishes of yourself and her majesty for France. My country preserves a grateful remembrance of the second visit you deigned to devote to her and will rejoice to learn of the happy and lasting impression that your recent stay in France has left in your mind."

Party Struck by a Trolley.

Chicago, Jan. 2.—Five persons were seriously injured, one fatally, in a collision between a carriage and a Halsted street electric car at Fifty-third street. The surrey, which was demolished, was occupied by Mr. Samuel Fuller, his wife and four children. All suffered broken bones and bruises and little Helen Fuller was crushed so badly that she can not recover.

Startling Testimony.

Oxford, Miss., Jan. 2.—At the trial of Orlando Lester for being an accomplice in the murder of the two Montgomerys, Lester testified that he held a lamp while Will Mathis shot Hugh Montgomery with a shotgun. Lester stated that Will Mathis sent him for the guns and that Whit Owens had loaded the shotgun with buckshot and told him to be sure to kill both officers. Lester also stated that since he had been confined in the Oxford jail he had received a note from Will Mathis saying that if Lester would admit doing the shooting and take all the blame, Will Mathis knew he would be released and he would then get together a mob and set Lester free before he could be hanged.

Dr. Taylor, dentist, Cincinnati block. All work guaranteed. 58-tf

NEW... DIPLOMATS .. IN .. WASHINGTON

Each succeeding year brings changes in the diplomatic corps at Washington, and interest always surrounds the newcomers who are to make their first bows to society in the national capital. This season presents many strangers, for there have been numerous changes among the representatives of foreign governments.

Uncle Sam now has diplomatic relations with more than thirty countries, which are represented at the American capital by six embassies and thirty legations.

The nearest approach to the pomp and pageantry of a royal court, with its emblems and insignia of rank, its stately ceremonials and dazzling splendor of gorgeous uniforms, is to be found in the assemblages of the diplomatic corps. In glitter, sparkle and color these levees present the most attractive of all the spectacular features of social life at the national capital.

Since the consequences of the Spanish-American war have installed the United States in the position of a world power the diplomatic contingent has been growing larger year by year until now representatives of nearly every land and clime are to be found in the foreign colony.

Embassadors are the bright particular stars of the diplomatic firmament, not only enjoying higher rank than plenipotentiaries, but are considered to represent more directly their sovereign or government.

There are only a few occasions each year, however, when the general public may feast his eyes upon this show of gilt and feathers, the New Year's reception at the White House, the diplomatic reception and the diplomatic dinner being the special occasions on which the foreign contingent don their showiest court costumes and gold laden uniforms. These gorgeous habiliments are in marked contrast to the simple costume worn by Uncle Sam's envoys at the courts of Europe. Our diplomats are restricted to the dress of an American citizen.

Photo by Clinedinst.
SIGNOR EDMONDO DES PLANCHES.

In the official plumage of the foreign diplomats, on the other hand, there is displayed nearly every color and hue. Diplomatic court dress embraces everything from splendid uniforms of glowing crimson to snowy white, gleaming with gold embroideries and set off in many instances by fur trimmings and a wealth of decorations.

Among the notable additions to the diplomatic corps this season is Phya Akharaj, the first Siamese to be permanently accredited to Washington. Signor Edmondo Mayor des Planches, the Italian embassador, who succeeds Baron Fava; Baron Ludovic Moncheur, the Belgian minister, and the new Persian minister also make their first appearance.

Signor Edmondo Mayor des Planches, the Italian embassador, is not a scion of the ancient or new nobility of his country. He is a well educated and thoroughly equipped business man and controls commercial houses at Florence, Milan, Genoa and Naples. In appearance he is a well preserved and dignified man of more than fifty years, wideawake, full of business sagacity and very courteous. He is negotiating for one of the handsome residences in the exclusive quarter of the northwest. It is said that he has offered $130,000 for the residence of Bishop Hurst on Massachusetts avenue and Seventeenth street. Meantime he is quietly domiciled on one of the modest little side streets which run along the wall of the Visitation academy and is known as De Sales street. It is more than probable that his prospective purchase will be made in the name of the Italian government and that Italy will maintain its own embassadorial home at the capital.

Baron Ludovic Moncheur, the new Belgian minister, comes to Washington from Mexico and succeeds Count Lichtervelde. He was born in Brussels and began his diplomatic career as an attache of the Belgian legation at The Hague. From there he went to Madrid, then to Vienna, Berlin and Lisbon. In Rome Baron Moncheur represented his government as councilor, and in Luxembourg he was acting charge d'affaires. His next post was in Mexico as Belgium's minister.

While in Mexico Baron Moncheur met the daughter of Powell Clayton, American embassador, Miss Charlotte Clayton, to whom he will be married on Jan. 15 in her father's home.

Baron Moncheur is a widower and one of the most genial and democratic men in the diplomatic service. His wife was Miss Holman, the half sister of Mr. Padelford of Washington. The baron has three children, little girls, who are still in Mexico, but will come to Washington in the spring with their grandmother, with whom they will live after their arrival here.

Photo by Clinedinst.
BARON LUDOVIC MONCHEUR.

Baron Moncheur has taken the house of the late Senator and Mrs. Davis, 1719 H street, and is furnishing it very handsomely for the reception of his bride. The minister and his bride will doubtless entertain extensively, as the baron enjoys society.

More than usual interest is manifested in the new Persian minister, who succeeds General Isaac Khan, one of the most popular members of the diplomatic corps. On his arrival in Washington he was entertained at a large dinner given in his honor by the Russian embassador and Countess Cassini, thus receiving his introduction to social life under the most happy auspices.

Phya Akharaj, the Siamese envoy, comes from the land where the white elephant is a sacred creature, housed in a golden palace, fed and attended by awestricken domestics and served on bended knee. Nevertheless he displays all the outward signs of civilization. His diplomatic uniform is, according to the international fashion of the corps, a spiketailed coat, richly embossed with fern leaves and branches laid on heavy bullion. He wears the regulation cocked hat of a lieutenant general and the white trousers of a hussar.

He is a young man to have attained his diplomatic rank, a native of the capital of his country, Bangkok, and a descendant of the ancient nobility. After completing his home education he was sent to Oxford, where he took both graduate and postgraduate degrees. He is a very wealthy man, both in his own right and in his expected inheritance. His previous official experience has been in the office of the secretary of state of Siam. At the time of his appointment to Washington he was first assistant secretary of state.

NEW PERSIAN EMBASSADOR.

Mirrors of the Greeks and Romans.

The mirrors of the ancient Greeks and Romans were thin disks of bronze, highly polished and usually fashioned with handles, though sometimes they were set upright on stands. Later on silver was used, and the first mirror of solid silver is said to have been made by Praxiteles in the time of Julius Cæsar. Subsequently silver mirrors took the place of brass or bronze ones almost altogether, though steel, copper and even gold were also employed. Looking glasses of metal were employed everywhere up to the fifteenth century.

LANG'S LATEST FAD.

Critic and Author Goes In For Crystal Gazing—Literary Notes.

[Special Correspondence.]

New York, Dec. 30.—How Andrew Lang, the most prolific of writers, finds time for crystal gazing is beyond comprehension. Crystal gazing, by the way, is London's latest fad, in which Mr. Lang is the prime mover. In an article in a recent monthly review he recommended that every one should possess a crystal ball and sit down with it in the hope of seeing uncanny pictures. His advice has been taken to the extent that about all London is now crystal gazing.

It is best, he says, to go into a room and sit down with your back to the light. Place the ball at the proper focus on a piece of dark cloth. Try to exclude reflections. Think of everything you please. Stare, say, five minutes at the ball. That is all. Mr. Lang says he has known people to see in the crystal things actually happening miles away. More wonderful still, he has known people gazing into separate crystals at the same moment each to see the same picture.

The versatility of Mr. Lang's genius is marvelous. He does more things than anybody else. While it is difficult to understand how he finds time to do it, Mr. Lang certainly does a stupendous amount of work and still has a good bit of time for play. He writes leading articles for one daily newspaper, reviews novels for another and contributes to the magazines. He is the new historian of Scotland. He writes fairy tales, which delight English speaking children the world over. He edits Dickens and Walter Scott, translates Homer and Theocritus and knows Edmund Gosse. He can preface anything—Coleridge's poems, Australian folklore or Hittite inscriptions. He is a poet and parodist, a philologist and anthropologist and a lecturer on natural religion. He discovered Rider Haggard and is the biographer of Lord Iddesleigh and Lockhart. He is indeed a veritable literary syndicate. Besides, he knows all about cricket, is a crack golf player and now appears as the high priest of the crystal gazing cult.

Now that the holiday rush is over, there is a calm in the book world, while we wait the coming flood of light literature for summer perusal. History, biography, religion and science appear to be the themes of most of the new books now appearing. Among the historical works is a reprint of Morgan's "League of the Iroquois," with copious additions by Herbert M. Lloyd. The book was published in Rochester in 1851, was originally issued in a small edition, which has long been out of print and extremely rare. The alterations and new matter supplied by Mr. Lloyd consist of corrections made by Mr. Morgan in his own copy of the book, personal reminiscences of Morgan by Mr. Charles T. Porter, who was a collaborator on the original edition, and a short biographical sketch of Morgan, with an account of his work and full notes by the editor. The latter include a large amount of Jesuit material, translated especially for the present edition. Some of this matter had been previously translated, but the greater portion now appears for the first time in English, the whole being an original translation. There has also been added considerable matter excluded by Mr. Morgan from the original edition for lack of space, but which subsequently appeared in various volumes long since out of print. "The League of the Iroquois" has long been considered the best of all books relating to the institutions and customs of that people. The present edition will go rapidly out of print. The book is to be published in two editions, one on handmade paper, limited to 300 copies, at $15 net, and a Japan edition, limited to thirty copies, at $30 net. The handmade paper copies are illustrated by sixteen full page plates in color and fifty text cuts. There will also be a portrait of Morgan in photogravure and two large maps in color.

ANDREW LANG.

And now we are to have "letters." Those of Napoleon to Josephine, many of them passionate love letters, are being collected by Henry F. Hall, who will translate them into English for a single volume which will be published in England shortly. The letters are linked into consecutive form by a social and historical chronicle of the years in which Napoleon and Josephine were such great figures. This chronicle is compiled from contemporary sources. The book has photogravure portraits of Napoleon and Josephine. The Macmillan company will publish the work in America.

"First Makers of England," a volume by Lady Magnus, wife of Sir Philip Magnus, which is being published by John Murray of London, is the story of Julius Cæsar, King Arthur and Alfred the Great. The volume has a frontispiece of Julius Cæsar.

RICHARD TUPPER.

Novel Engineering Project.

The czar has just sanctioned a remarkable engineering project, the raising of the water of the sea of Azof 14 feet 8 inches by building a dam near Kertch nine miles long. In the wall immense sea gates are to be made for the passage of ships. There will also be outlets for the superfluous water. The cost will be about $25,000,000, the interest on which will be paid by ships trading to the ports affected.

Frank Treadwell, Bennett, Ia., was troubled with kidney disease for two years. He writes: "I had taken several kinds of kidney remedies, but with little benefit. Finally I tried Foley's Kidney Cure and one dollar cured me.

H. F. Vortkamp, corner Main and North streets.

Her Point of View.

Mamma—"You ought to be careful of your toys. It would be nice if you could have them all when Santa Claus comes again."

Ethel—"Why, if I did, he might think I didn't need any more."—Brooklyn Life.

In reply to inquiries we have pleasure in announcing that Ely's Liquid Cream Balm is like the solid preparation of that admirable remedy in that it cleanses and heals membranes affected by nasal catarrh. There is no drying or sneezing. The Liquid Cream Balm is adapted to use by patients who have trouble in inhaling through the nose and prefer spraying. The price, including spraying tube, is 75c. Sold by druggists or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York.

A Sad Reflection.

Pauline—Just think of the awful things we know about whom people we don't know.

Emeline—Yes; isn't it wonderful. And just think what the people we don't know may know about us.—Detroit Free Press.

Head Feels Like Bursting.

Maybe you were out late last night? If you had taken a Krause's Headache Capsule before retiring your head would be cool and clear this morning. Take one now and you will be all right in an half hour. Price 25c. Sold by W. M. Melville.

Do you see the man on the ice? Yes; I see the man on the ice. Is the man a con-tor-tion-ist? No; the man is not a con-tor-tion-ist. The man is learn-ing to skate. Is not he a brave man?

Rosy Checks.

Do you want them? Do you simply want to glow with health? Do you want to eat well, sleep well and work well? Try Lichty's Celery Nerve Compound. Sold by W. M. Melville.

Polly Pinktights—"Do you think we shall get our money this week?" Fanny Footlights—"No; the manager was so hungry he ate the pay-roll."

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Organ of the Democracy of Lima and Allen County.

Published Every Evening, (Except Sunday), and Semi Weekly, in The Times Building, 221 North Main Street, by

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING COMPANY.

O. B. Selfridge, Manager.

Entered at the Postoffice at Lima, as Second Class Matter.

Terms of Subscription.

Daily edition, one year	$5.00
Daily edition, six months	2.50
Daily edition, three months	1.25
Daily edition, one week	.10
Semi Weekly edition, one year	1.00

Telephones.

Counting Room, Bell	84
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Change of Addresses.

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The Maryland legislature will meet on New Year's day, and its first important political action two weeks later will be the choice of Arthur P. Gorman to succeed Senator Wellington after the 4th of March, 1903, in the United States senate. The legislature consists of 26 senators and 95 members of the lower house. Of the senators 17 are Democrats and 9 Republicans. In the house there are 51 Democrats and 44 Republicans. The Democratic majority on joint ballot is 15.

More money is demanded to meet expenses in Ohio. The needs of the various state departments and institutions, as furnished to the auditor of state, call upon the legislature which will meet on the 6th of January ensuing, to appropriate $6,380,840.86 for 1902. For 1901—the present year—only $4,790,333.00 was appropriated. This enables Governor Nash to make a favorable showing for the financial administration during his governorship, as the Wayne County Democrat notes, but it was $1,590,507.86 short of the present requirement. This does not furnish a pleasant outlook to the taxpayers and corporations of Ohio.

The whine that goes up from Washington every time congress assembles that the men who are paid five thousand dollars for about four months "work" in the year do not receive sufficient compensation does not appeal very strongly to the sense of at least one congressman. Congressman Frank M. Eddy, of the Seventh Minnesota district, makes the statement that not a dozen members of congress could earn the salary paid them by the government. This assertion was made while he was addressing the Postal Clerks' Convention at St. Paul, Minn. "Why," said he, "I don't believe there are a dozen men in congress who on a strict salary basis could command from private corporations or interests the salaries the government pays them. I do not refer, of course, to what they might earn as professional men or in the conduct of their own business enterprises."

In the face of the deficit at Buffalo the people of Virginia have the courage to undertake a commemorative exposition at Jamestown, where, in 1607, Captain John Smith and his English colonists laid the foundation of a town which is hardly more than a memory today. In response to a suggestion in the governor's message and in accordance with a legislative measure there has been incorporated the Jamestown Centennial company, with power to issue bonds and acquire land for exposition uses. The persons named as incorporators are mostly Norfolk business men. The reason for this is that Jamestown is without people enough to undertake any considerable enterprise, while the town lies near Norfolk and also near Richmond. This last fact is a present cause of trouble, but it is hoped that the trouble will be banished and that all Virginia will unite to make the celebration of the first event in the history of the state a memorial one.

"The Sham of Republican Reciprocity," by Norman F. Hesseltine, issued by the American Free Trade League, calmly but clearly exposes the bad faith of what we will term "Protection Reciprocity." He says:

The conduct of the ultra protectionists and of their pretorian guard in the senate is fast satisfying all intelligent men that the reciprocity provisions of the republican platforms and in the Dingley tariff act were very cunningly contrived to prevent any lowering of the tariff wall. Instead of facilitating reciprocity, these provisions confine it within the narrowest limits, and give the small minority of one-third in the senate the power of killing even the very little the law allows. The reciprocity treaties have all been defeated accordingly. This loudly vaunted "reciprocity" is made to serve a double purpose—first, to catch the votes of those who see the need of real reciprocity; and, second, to delay and baffle any reduction of protection. It is, indeed, like an abatis of felled trees or a barbed wire entanglement placed in front of a fortress to delay and baffle the attacking force. But the patriotic, intelligent American people are fast realizing that to preach reciprocity on the stump and kill it in the senate is a fraud, and that the true friends of reciprocity and of their country are the free traders, who advocate a tariff for revenue only.

NO CHANGE IN SIZE.

The TIMES-DEMOCRAT is the largest, newsiest and cleanest newspaper in Lima. Compare it with its competition and you will find that the TIMES-DEMOCRAT contains each day eight columns more of choice telegraphic, local and general reading matter. Every part of the field is thoroughly covered. We did not reduce the size of our paper when the holiday advertising period was over, but it remains as usual, seven columns to the page, eight pages. Our many readers were kind in not complaining of the large amount of advertising carried by the TIMES-DEMOCRAT during the holiday period, the number of columns of which largely exceed that ever carried by any newspaper during a similar period in the history of Lima, and we are very glad to give our patrons extra reading matter during this time to average up against the period when the advertisers had possession of our columns.

BRICE ON CROKER.

The city of New York is now under the control of the Seth Low administration, and a sweep will be made of the employes in the departments that will be unprecedented. A number of the Democrats of the metropolis charge the defeat of the Democratic ticket upon Richard Croker, the Tammany chieftan. Among those who attribute the late disaster to Croker is Councilman Stewart M. Brice, who at a dinner on Tuesday night openly attacked the policy of the Tammany sachem. A telegram from New York regarding the attitude of Councilman Brice upon the subject says:

Councilman Stewart M. Brice attacked Richard Croker in a speech at a dinner given to the councilmen by Randolph Guggenheimer, president of the council. Mr. Brice said, amid roars of applause, that Croker should be sent back to Moat House, Wantage, Berks, England, there to live and die; while his influence gone, honesty and decency would triumph in Tammany Hall in an election two years hence, which would sweep the city.

Mr. Brice began his remarks in a semi-serious vein, but soon was launched on a vigorous protest against present conditions in Tammany Hall. He woke up the sleepers and rivited the attention of those many convivial spirits who had grown weary hearing mutual admiration speeches from the councilmen.

"Many people have come to me recently and said that since the election they supposed that I was glad to be out of politics. I am not out of politics. I was never more in politics than I am at the present time.

"There is a beautiful cottage in England surrounded by a moat and in it lives a man who thinks he can put his ear to the ground and hear what is going on here. We won't have it. The moat surrounds a space large enough to contain the gentleman and we'll send him there to remain the rest of his life.

"I've been talking for the last three years about the way things were going wrong in Tammany Hall and against the crowd that is in control. I wasn't heard, but there are more with me now, and we will be heard, and the men responsible for the ticket which caused the fall of our friends will fall with that ticket, and the honest and decent men in Tammany Hall will prevail, and we'll nominate and elect a ticket which will carry them on to honor and victory two years from now."

Wheeler on the Philippines.

Louisville, Jan. 2.—General Joseph Wheeler, who lectured here, said in an interview: "I have differed with some of my people on the question of our new possessions, but I am convinced that the retention of the Philippines, Guam and Hawaii are absolutely essential to our commercial development. This country, during the past year, was the greatest producer of articles, including cotton, steel, petroleum and wheat. Our population forms 5 per cent of the world's people. In the great occident half of the world's population live. They are great producers. They produce what we need and they in turn want what we produce. My contention, then, is that the possession of Hawaii, Guam and the Philippines give to the United States an indispensable advantage in the struggle for commercial power in the east."

TROUBLES OVER HAWAII

Fierce War Raging Between Two Factions.

WORKING AT CROSS PURPOSES.

One Crowd Insists on Treating Hawaiians as Foreigners and Giving Them Export Prices—The Other Says They Should Have All Privileges of United States Citizens.

The war between the two factions of our protected manufacturers goes merrily on. One faction believes that the Hawaiian Islanders became full fledged Americans as soon as we annexed Hawaii and that they should be charged full American prices for all goods ordered from our manufacturers. The other faction believes that it is impossible to make full blooded Americans of these benighted foreigners with one stroke of the legislative pen and that a little time should be allowed for them to evolute up to a full appreciation of the blessings of American citizenship, including our high tariff trust prices. These manufacturers, therefore, assume that the Hawaiians prefer low prices and put them on their special or foreign price list, which permits them to get our goods at a saving of from 10 per cent to 50 per cent on the cost to ordinary Americans.

The faction which treats Hawaiians as foreigners is selling goods in Honolulu at such low prices that great quantities of them are being brought back to California and sold there at a profit in competition with similar goods on which freight has not been paid to Honolulu and return. This is what makes trouble for the members of the other faction. They air their grievances in occasional letters to trade papers. Several have appeared during the last two years in The Iron Age. The following is part of a letter signed "Western Manufacturer," which appeared in The Iron Age of June 27, 1901:

"It so happens that at present the price of our goods is about 25 per cent higher for domestic consumption than the export prices. We had an inquiry for export prices, which we quoted. The order now comes in to be shipped to Honolulu. Is it fair to consider the Hawaiian Islands entitled to export prices?

"Our own opinion is that they have become a part of the United States and should be considered domestic territory as much as Alaska; also we understand our tariff applies to this territory, so that they are prohibited from buying outside, and we are thus enabled to get domestic prices."

This manufacturer's reasoning appears to be sound, but it does not appear to have had the desired effect on the other faction, which, judging from the following letter in The Iron Age of Dec. 5, 1901, is still continuing its pernicious practice of treating Hawaiians as foreigners:

"Your journal has from time to time called attention to the demoralizing practice of many American manufacturers of still continuing 'export prices' in the Hawaiian Islands notwithstanding the fact that these islands are now a part and parcel of the United States.

"There are no custom house restrictions between the two countries to prevent goods sold at the export price being re-entered in the United States, which has been and is being done, to the great detriment of many of your readers.

"It would be the proper thing if all manufacturers would take the same view of it as a leading manufacturer, who recently wrote a letter as follows:

"'We discontinued the use of export prices for the Hawaiian Islands some time ago, as we now consider that this united country is a part of the great republic. We do not see any logical reason why its inhabitants, in consideration of the great privilege of flying the stars and stripes, should not pay the present high American values on the commodities they consume.'"

The Iron Age says that "this hits the nail on the head, and we hope the publication of this letter will enlighten some American manufacturers who do not seem to know that the Hawaiian Islands are no longer export but domestic trade."

The situation is clear. Our tariff fostered "infants" have become overgrown, dictatorial trusts. They charge us two prices for their goods and point to the tariff wall which we have put around ourselves to show our detestation of cheap foreign goods. Judging from our legislation, it certainly is a fair inference that we detest cheapness and love high prices. It is not strange, therefore, that Mr. Charles M. Schwab, president of our billion dollar steel infant, told the industrial commission in a burst of confidence that "export prices" are made at a very much lower rate than those for domestic consumption. * * * I think you can safely say this—that where a large export business is done nearly all the people from whom supplies are bought for that purpose give you a good price for the materials that go into the exports. The railroads will carry them a little cheaper, and so on down the line.

"What is true of the iron and steel business is true of every other. Exporters must take less for their goods than they receive at home, and that is only natural. * * * In this connection, however, I want to say that American steel has been sold in the American market at as low prices in times of extreme depression as in foreign markets, but it has been sold without a profit."

It is really consoling to learn officially that there are times "of extreme depression" when we are permitted,

OUR MOST SERIOUS DANGER

A Foreigner's View of the Amazing Development of Trusts.

The Iron Age of Dec. 19 contains under the caption "The American Situation, Its Strength and Weakness, From an English Workman's Standpoint," a long letter from Sheffield, England, by Stuart Uttley.

Mr. Uttley has evidently returned to England after a visit to America and is discussing some of the most striking things he saw here, especially in the iron and steel mills. Incidentally he mentions the economic and social problems which he thinks we must soon try to solve. On these points we take the following extracts from his remarkably able letter:

"If American articles are sold at a loss abroad for the purpose of capturing foreign markets, some one has to pay the piper. As this will not be the manufacturer, then it is obvious it must be the consumer. It is in effect a bounty, and bounties are like boomerangs—they invariably strike the hand that threw them. Take the well known case of sugar bounties as an illustration. In order to capture the sugar trade France, Germany and other European countries gave substantial bounties on sugar, and the British consumer is thereby enabled to get his sugar at 2½ cents per pound, while, on the other hand, the consumers in the bounty giving countries have to pay 6 cents per pound for theirs. But despite this the British sugar trade has not been absolutely ruined, but latterly has been improving, to say nothing of the enormous confectionery, jam and biscuit industries which have been created by the introduction of bounty fed sugar.

"So long, therefore, as protection was exclusively applied to the home trade of the United States it has been a tower of strength, but now that she is making a big bid for the trade of outside markets it will, I venture to assert, be a source of weakness and will effectually prevent her making headway.

"I am perfectly well aware that these views will not find favor with many Americans, who regard protective tariffs as their sheet anchor and who would as soon think of crossing the Atlantic in a washtub as abandoning their favorite protection. The fact remains, however, that protection gets credit for a good many things which it has had nothing whatever to do with. The marvelous mineral wealth of the country, the unrivaled waterways, the rich virgin soil of the far west, the untiring energy of the people, the constant influx of the more enterprising myriads from the old world, the splendid climate, the absence of ancient vested interests and unrestricted monopolies, the freedom from militarism and the land practically free from the grasp of the militant aristocracy, are all advantages which would more than outweigh the most mischievous and narrow fiscal system. I am, of course, expressing myself as an Englishman who has the most unbounded confidence in free trade, but I unhesitatingly assert that from the moment the great republic adopts the free trade policy she will become England's most serious rival in the world's markets. The fact is that British statesmen, manufacturers and economists really dread the adoption of such a policy by the United States. * * *

"Now, I venture to think that America's most serious danger is the amazing development of trusts. * * *

"Rightly or wrongly, Englishmen believe these gigantic monopolies to be the direct outcome of protective tariffs. Nothing indeed is so certain as that if such a state of things arose in England there would be fierce and successful agitation for parliament to interfere to curtail the abuse of power by monopolies. * * *

"In Great Britain organized capital and labor are both sufficiently strong to respect each other's opinions and to lend a willing ear to the voice of conciliation, but from what I saw and heard in the States organized capital is the giant and organized labor the dwarf. * * *

"Allow me, however, in closing to say that nothing so strongly impressed me while in the States as the collective impotence of labor and the growing and crushing might of the trusts."

THE NEED OF SUBSIDY.

Worse Than Useless to Grant Bonus to American Shipping.

The present tonnage of our merchant marine has been exceeded but once in our history, in 1861. Our shipowners are making large profits everywhere except in the trade with Europe, where freights have been severely cut because of oversupply of ships. Our shipbuilders are working to the limit and making enormous profits. As fast as possible they are enlarging their plants and improving methods and apparatus. Our shipyards are the best equipped yards in the world today. That our builders can construct ships as cheaply as the English or Germans is proved by the fact that we have underbid them in several cases. That our owners can sail ships as cheaply as the English or any other people is shown by the fact that we do compete with other nations in foreign trade and are building more vessels for the foreign trade as rapidly as our shipyards can turn them out.

In view of these facts it is worse than useless to grant subsidies to American merchant shipping. Of course we cannot jump to the leading place in the foreign carrying trade at a single bound. It is neither necessary nor desirable that we should become the first freight carrier of the nations. If government will let our business men alone, they will develop shipping in foreign trade just as fast and as far as desirable.

FAMOUS ENGLISH ACTRESS.

Mrs. Patrick Campbell to Display Her Art in America.

Mrs. Patrick Campbell, the famous English actress, who with her London company is making her first American tour, is said to be a woman of extraordinary fascination. Enthusiastic, she loves to win applause and hates to be adversely criticised.

Mrs. Campbell is the widow of Patrick Campbell, an English army officer who was killed at Petersfontein in April, 1900. Her courtship and marriage were romantic. She fell in love with young Pat Campbell of Stranraer, Ireland. Her father did not wish her to marry Campbell, and his parents also opposed the match. The lovers continued to meet, arranged an elopement and finally succeeded in getting married.

MRS. PATRICK CAMPBELL.

No actress in London theaters during the last decade has held more of public attention than Mrs. Patrick Campbell. She had been a provincial actress until in 1893 she appeared in the title role of "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray." Her success was immediate, her power and originality as an actress capturing the public, although the critics mercilessly attacked her.

It is significant of her individuality that Mrs. Campbell has never acquired what is known as a theatrical manner. Her acting is natural, sometimes to the point of ineffectiveness in parts which are not distinctly marked. Mrs. Campbell is an exquisite musician, and in Paris, where she was educated, she won a scholarship in music. Her voice is rich and ample, and she uses it with great skill.

The American tour of Mrs. Patrick Campbell will last for a limited number of weeks, brief engagements being allotted to the leading cities. Her repertoire includes "Magda," "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray" and "The Notorious Mrs. Ebbsmith," problem dramas; "Mariana," from the Spanish; "Beyond Human Power" and "Pelleas and Melisande." These will give to Mrs. Campbell full opportunity to display her art.

AUTHOR IN POLITICS.

Booth Tarkington to Enter the Field of Statesmanship.

When Booth Tarkington, the author, wrote "The Gentleman From Indiana" and followed it with "Beaucaire," there was much wonder among literary folk that the same man could produce works in such widely different styles. His classmates at Princeton, however, were not surprised, as in college he was always known as the most versatile man in his class.

Now Mr. Tarkington has prepared another surprise for his friends. He has announced that he will be a candidate for the legislature of Indiana. Booth Tarkington is a native of Indianapolis and is thirty-one years of age. He is an Indiana man through to the backbone and takes a lively interest in the welfare of his native state. His advent into politics will be watched with interest by his friends, who predict for him further honors in the field of statesmanship.

BOOTH TARKINGTON.

As an illustration of Tarkington's versatility it is related that when preparing for Princeton at Purdue university he one evening amused a crowd of students by his skill with the piano, followed by playing the guitar, after which he composed college songs. He finished the performance by drawing pictures.

LATE

Operators in the Oil Fields.

Old Kaintuck

Develops Some Valuable Property.

Four Wells Drilled in Wildcat Territory Prove Good Ones.

Columbus Parties Organize a Company to Prospect for Oil and Gold in Pike County of This State..

The oil fraternity of Lima will be interested in the following dispatch from Monticello, Ky., regarding the condition of the oil field in that state:

Twenty-four oil wells have been drilled in Knox county during the past year, and all are good wells. Oil was first found here about 30 years ago. One well was drilled here in 1892, in which a small quantity of oil was found; another was drilled on Stinking creek about three years ago. Twenty-one wells have been drilled since then, and oil has been found in all of them.

On Cumberland river, two miles south of Barbourville, the Tye Bend Oil Company has two wells. Black oil was struck at 380 feet and green oil at 465 feet. Mr. Young, the Tye Bend driller, says these wells may make from 20 to 100 barrels a day.

Drilled Four Wells.

The Bluegrass Oil Company, of South Dakota, has drilled four wells on Stinking creek, and has not struck a dry hole yet. Its wells are all producing oil in paying quantities, and the four aggregate an output of 200 barrels a day. Its first well was drilled last April, and the company now has six more wells under way. It has 12 250-barrel oil tanks full of oil, waiting for the pipe line that the Standard Oil Company has promised to build from Flat Lick, seven miles distant.

It is reported that the Standard is operating in Floyd county under the name of the New Domain Oil Company and has been producing several hundred barrels of fine green oil a day for the last four or five years. The Atlantic and Pacific Oil Company, of New York, has several thousand acres of land leased in Knox county, with three wells on Stinking creek that are small producers and one on Richland creek that came in last week, the largest well yet struck in that county.

Several other companies are preparing to operate, and land owners in and around Barbourville have options to sell on reasonable terms.

In Sandstone Formation.

In Knox county oil is found in a sandstone formation, whereas in Wayne county the oil comes from a limestone stratum.

The Poplar Mountain Oil Company's well No. 1, on the Crocket farm, near Savage, Clinton county, was drilled in last week. At a depth of 840 feet a fine flow of amber oil was struck and is now standing to the top of the casing. This well is three miles west of the Sunnybrook field and is in entirely new territory. This is the first amber oil that has been struck in this part of the Kentucky field.

Guffy, Galley & Co. are down 150 feet on their No. 1 on the Dowell farm, near Parnell. The Standard is increasing its tankage facilities at Somerset, the end of its Kentucky and Tennessee pipe line, to 70,000 barrels. The Parnell Oil Company was organized here last week with a capital stock of $20,000, with Dr. W. E. Woodrow, late of Louisville, president; T. L. Humfel, of Russell Springs, vice president; H. L. Phillips Jr., secretary; Wm. McConnaghy, treasurer, and P. M. Berwald, general manager. This company owns several hundred acres near the Parnell producers, and work on rigs will commence immediately. The Columbia Oil Company, on the Dr. Powers form at Powersburg, struck a good well at 1,000 feet, going only one foot in the oil sand. The oil is standing 75 feet in the hole. This well is in a district that has been condemned by oil men on account of two dry holes being drilled in the immediate territory. This is the Columbia Oil Company's second well, the first, on the same farm, that was put down 1,250 feet, being a duster. The Home Oil Company's No. 1, on the Turner farm at Parnell, was pumped this week. It made eight barrels per hour, filling a 250-barrel tank in 30 hours. Work has been commenced on a new rig on the same farm.

New Companies Formed.

The Wilhite Oil and Gas Company was organized here a few days ago, with a capital stock of $25,000. M. S. Wilhite, O. H. Waddle, Judge Charles McConnaghy and T. R. Harrison are the promoters. They have several thousand acres of land near the junction at Otter and Beaver creek.

The well on the Williams farm near Pall Mall, Tenn., is reported as being the best well yet struck in Kentucy or Tennessee.

The Kentucky and Ohio Oil and Refining Company, organized at Lexington, Ky., a few days ago, is drilling four wells on the Slagle farm, on Beaver creek, near the Pennsylvania Lubricating Oil Company's producers.

The Mt. Pisgah Oil Company has two large gas wells near Mt. Pisgah, and expects to resume operations in a few days.

The McConnaghy Oil Company has a small well on the Bell farm, near to the junction of Otter and Beaver creeks.

For Oil and Gold.

A company of Columbus men is being formed for the purpose of prospecting on lands in Pike county near Jasper for oil and gas. Nearly a thousand acres of land have been leased already for the purpose. One well has been sunk to the depth of 900 feet and another to 500 feet, both showing signs of oil.

A meeting of the men interested was held Monday night and it was decided to try and lease more land before the company is formed for business. A mine is being operated in the neighborhood of the land which it is claimed is producing gold and it is thought gold and perhaps other ore may be found.

WEDDING

Occurred at Dupont, O., Yesterday

In Which Mr. V. E. Beckley, of This City,

Captured for His Bride Miss Artie May Prowant, of Dupont—The Bride and Groom Now at Home in This City.

Yesterday, at Dupont, O., Mr. Virgil Eugene Beckley, of this city, and Miss Artie May Prowant, of the former place, were the happy groom and bride in a brilliant nuptial event.

Mr. Beckley is the son and junior partner of J. P. Beckley, of the north Main street drug store and is popular among a wide circle of friends, who will be pleased to extend congratulations and best wishes. His bride is a charming and estimable young lady and is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Prowant, of Dupont.

Mr. and Mrs. Beckley are now in this city and are at home to friends at their residence, 1007 west Market street.

Roosevelt's Reception.

Washington, Jan. 2.— President Roosevelt's first public reception was attended more largely than any New Year's reception in a number of years. In all 8,100 persons filed through the White House and shook hands with the president. Mr. Roosevelt, on being apprised that the crowd in line outside the White House was unusually large, gave orders that the gates should not be closed until the last person desiring to do so had an opportunity to pay his respects. The reception was in every way successful, the decorations being really beautiful, the arrangements perfect and the president in excellent spirits. To each person he extended a cordial, happy New Year, and Mrs. Roosevelt was equally pleasing to each of those who filed past the line in the blue parlor, where the receiving party stood. Miss Alice Roosevelt was conspicuous among those assisting at the reception.

Emperor William's Request.

Berlin, Jan. 2. — Emperor William desires that his new yacht now building in the United States shall be christened by President Roosevelt's daughter Alice, and at the New Year's reception at the old palace he requested the United States ambassador, Andrew D. White, to ask the president to allow Miss Roosevelt to christen the vessel.

FAUROT
Opera House
Saturday, Jan. 4th.
MATINEE & NIGHT.
This Won't Jar You.
The Forever Favorite, Musical Farce Comedy,
"Peck's Bad Boy"
L. M. HEATH, PROP.
All Laughs! No Cry;
The Best Acting Company.
The Best Singing Company.
The Funniest Comedians.
The Best Dancers.
Come! Laugh With Us!.
PRICES—Matinee, 10c and 25c; Evening, 25c, 35c and 50c. Seat Sale Friday.

WILL

Not Appoint a Successor.

Double Duties

To be Performed by Mr. Sherwood

Who Left Lima to Accept the General Superintendacy of Detroit Southern.

Promotion Also in Store for Other Officials Which Means That More Heads Will Fall to the Basket.

In connectioin with the account yesterday of tht promotion of superintendent Sherwood, of this city to the general superintendendency of the Detroit Southern, the statement was made that in all probability no one would be appointed to fill the position he has just vacated. This view is also taken by the Springfield Sun, which makes the following comment:

"J. W. Sherwood, formerly general superintendent of the Clover Leaf road under the receivership of Samuel Hunt, is now general superintendent of the Detroit Southern, his appointment as such takes effect today. Two weeks ago Mr. Sherwood was appointed superintendent of the northern division of the Detroit Southern to succeed J. R. Hawkins, resigned, and his promotion to the general superintendency has come quite rapidly. He is a man with a great deal of experience in railroading and has been closely identified with President Hunt for many years. His appointment as general superintendent come rather as a surprise locally, as it had been generally understood that there was to be no appointment made to this position, the affairs of the road being conducted as they have been since the resignation of F. E. Dewey, the division superintendent, reporting direct to President Hunt. However, Mr. Sherwood will still hold jurisdiction over the northern division in exactly the same capacity as division superintendent. His headquarters will be in Detroit."

Promotion Awaits Him.

The Times-Democrat mentioned the presence in Lima yesterday of H. A. Fidler, division freight agent of the Detroit Southern and the connection with his coming it was hinted by a local representative of the company that Mr. Fidler was booked for advancement to general freight agent.

The prediction was not merely a guess, for with the appointment of Mr. Sherwood as general superintendent, comes reports of other changes which are quite ominous in that they savor of heads falling off. Mr. Fidler, whose headquarters are at Springfield, has been called to Detroit and for no other purpose, it is believed than to succeed Frank Ferris as general freight agent. There are rumors also of other changes.

PROTECTED HOME CIRCLE.

A novel feature in the entertainment line was presented by Lima Circle No. 210, Protected Home Circle at Donze hall on New Year's eve. It consisted of a peanut contest, the winner to carry the most peanuts on the blade of a case knife from one point to another within a given time without touching the peanuts. For the experts, three prizes were awarded, the winners being Dr. C. L. Yakey, Thos. C. Pearse and Mrs. Mattie Knost. The following program was artistically rendered:

Song	By the circle
Reading	Miss Bertha Hutchens
Piano solo	Mr. Walter Mauk
Vocal solo	Miss Parkison
Recitation	Miss Breta German
Piano solo	Miss Katie Nutting
Recitation	Miss Cecelia Venatta
Piano solo	Miss Hartman
Recitation	Miss Edith Wadsworth
Vocal solo	Miss Edna Nutting
Address	Bro. J. M. Heiniger
Recitation	Miss Daisy Gorken
Fanlets	Bro. Thos. A. Pearse

After the program a delicious oyster stew was served by the sisters of the circle and quantity and quality were there in abundancer

NOTICE.

All grand officers and officers elect of Shawnee lodge will please meet at Allen hall at 2 o'clock p. m., Saturday, Jan. 4, to practice for installation.

SPECIAL DEPUTY.

F—i—s—h at Townsend's.

ATRACH

The Syrian is on Trial Today

Answering to the Charge of Embezzlement.

Evidence Offered to Prove That the Leipsic Dealer Declared He Would Not Settle the Account.

The Atrach embezzlement case is being tried before Justice Reilly today, the prosecuting witness being Charles Stolzenbach, who charges that Atrach contrived to avoid the payment of a bill of goods amounting to $80.

The defendant was doing business at the time at Leipsic, where he conducted a fruit and confection store, and had been a customer of Stolzenbach & Co. A short time ago he sold out his business to Geo. Nahib, another Syrian and went to Toledo. Efforts were made, according to the testimony offered this morning, by the Lima firm to collect the bill, but Atrach is said to have declared that he wouldn't pay it.

Criminal proceedings were then resorted to and Constable Miller went to Toledo, accompanied by attorney T. W. Prentess, of Leipsic, to arrest Atrach. He got away from the officer by going down into the cellar, from whence he escaped from the building. Later Deputy Sheriff Summers went to Toledo and succeeded in making the arrest. At the preliminary hearing, the case was postponed for a week, Atrach giving bond for his appearance. He is being represented by attorney Southard, of Toledo, and out of town witnesses present are T. W. Prentess, Geo Nahib, and Township clerk T. B. Loub, of Leipsic.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. M. Remacked has returned from a two weeks visit at Bowling Green and Toledo.

Miss Mary Rufty has returned to her home in Kenton, after a pleasant visit with her sister, Mrs. Lewis McLain.

E. T. Earlywine and family, of north Main street, have returned from a visit in Ft. Wayne and Columbus.

James Dietrich, of Bellefontaine, is visiting his many old friends here.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. John O'Connor, a son.

Miss Clara Bingham is home, after a pleasant visit with friends in Indianapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Carmean, of Spencer avenue, are entertaining his mother, Mrs. Jacob Carmean and his sister, Mrs. Wilgus Reece and son, Merril, of Delphos.

Mrs. Samuel Seltzer, of Columbus, isthe guest of her cousin, Mrs. M. F. Allen, of west North street.

Ralph and Harry Small returned today from Ft. Wayne, where they spent the holiday vacation with their grandparents.

James Higginbotham, who has been the guest of his parents during the holidays, left today for Cleveland to continue his studies in the Seminary.

Bernerd E. O'Connor, after enjoying the holidays at home, left this noon for Cleveland to resume his studies in the Seminary.

Miss Mae O'Connor is the guest of her cousins in Urbana.

Born, this morning to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur C. Feltz, of 323 north West street, a fine boy baby.

Miss Dasie Kent Richmond, of Appleton, Wis., is the guest of her brother, Chas. P. Richmond and family of north Elizabeth street.

Miss Daisy Kent Richmond, of Appleton, Wis., is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Richmond.

G. E. Beall, of south Jackson street, left yesterday for Bakersfield, Cal., where he will be employed by the Standard Oil Company.

L. E. & W. conductor C. H. Durbin and wife have returned from their visit at Akron and Columbus.

Mr. Edward Salm, of Sidney, spent New Years with Miss Mollie Lovette, of north Main street.

Mrs. W. A. Brundige and children, of 834 west Wayne street, returned today after a brief visit with friends at Plymouth.

TOWNSEND'S FISH.

Smelts, Trout, White Herring, Bullheads, Pickeral, Oysters, Mackeral, Smoked Halibut, Codfish.

T. B. H. NOTICE.

All officers elect of the Tribe of Ben Hur will meet at the hall in the Collins block at 7:30 this evening. All members of the order are invited.

W. H. C. MONROE, Scribe.

FELL

In Alighting from a Train

And Sustained

A Dislocation of His Shoulder.

Austin Britten, of Spencerville, Rides to Lima on a Freight.

The Train Did Not Stop in This City and He "Unloaded" With Unhappy Results—News of the Railroads.

Austin Britton, a prominent commercial man of Spencerville, met with a painful accident near the Erie depot yesterday afternoon. He traveled to this city on board a freight train. When nearing his destination the conductor informed him the train would not stop here. His only alternative was to leap from the train while it was in motion. This he did with deplorable consequences. Falling, he cut and bruised himself, besides dislocating his right shoulder. A physician attended him after which he returned to his home at Spencerville.

Vanderbilts Have the Three I's.

The report that the Vanderbilt interests have secured the Indiana, Illinois and Iowa railroad is confirmed by the Vanderbilt people in New York. The road will be operated hereafter as a part of the Lake Shore System. Details of the deal have not been made public.

The Indiana, Illinois and Iowa, "Three I's," now runs from Clinton, Iowa, to St. Joseph, Mich., and intersects nearly every road running east and west from Chicago, and for this reason has been called the outer belt line.

At the C. H. & D. Shops.

The extraordinary traffic has placed not a few of the roalroads hors de combat and it will take weeks for some of them to recover from the severe strain. Motive power was the one thing in demand and engines worked so many hours over time that they were completely knocked out. The C. H. & D. has been doing a phenomenal business, keeping steam in the boilers as long as a wheel would turn and now that there is a breathing spell, the cripples have been lined up in the yards to wait for a mechanical diagnosis in the round house. In the list of disabled ones are Nos. 301, 305, 304, 319 and the 103.

A force of men worked all night Tuesday on I. D. & W. engine 88, which has been doing service in the yards here for the past year. She is now in good condition again.

In the collision at Wyoming, engines 268 and 354 were almost totally demolished and were taken to the Dayton shops for repairs. Much of the work, however, is being done here, and new tank frames, tanks and cabs have been hurried through to be sent down to Dayton for placement.

An accident in the yards disabled engines 307 and 14. A new pilot had to be made for the 307.

Engine No. 9 was turned out last night after a thorough overhauling.

Since the purchase of the Findlay, Ft. Wayne and Western by the C. H. & D., the local shops are doing lots of repairing on the engines of that road. A pair of drivers were turned out for one of the engines yesterday. Engine No. 3 was brought here for a general overhauling and will be ready for duty next week.

Work is crowding every department of the shops and the men are geting in all the extra time they want. Christmas was generally observed by the men, but in order to catch up they had to put in a full day Sunday. Very few of the boys took a day off yesterday.

General Notes.

The new sca le went into effect on the Pennsylvania yesterday and all of the trainmen and switchmen receive an increase in wages.

John Fidler, formerly agent for the Detroit Southern at Washington, C. H., but more recently with the Clover Leaf, at East St. Louis, has left the employ of the latter road. Mr. Fidler is freight agent of the Detroit Southern.

Dressed chickens at Townsend's.

The Weather.

Washington, Jan. 2.—Ohio partly cloudy and colder tonight with rain and snow in northeast portion; Friday, fair and colder except snow in northeast portion.

F—i—s—h at Townsend's.

DOES NOT DISAPPOINT.

The New Discovery for Catarrh Seems to Possess Remarkable Merit.

A new catarrh cure has recently appeared which so far as tested has been remarkably successful in curing all forms of catarrh, whether in the head, throat, bronchial tubes, or in stomach and liver.

The remedy is in tablet form, pleasant and convenient to take and no special secrecy is maintained as to what it contains, the tablet being a scientific combination of Blood root. Red gum and similar valuable and harmless antiseptics.

The safe and effective catarrh cure may be found at any drug store under the name of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets.

Whether the catarrh is located in the nose, throat, bronchial tubes, or stomach, the tablets seem to act with equal success, removing the stuffy feeling in head and nose, clearing the mucous membrane of throat and trachea from catarrhal secretions, which cause the tickling, coughing, hawking and gagging so annoying to every catarrh sufferer.

Nasal catarrh generally leads to ulceration, in some cases to such an extent as to destroy the nose entirely and in many old cases of catarrh the bones of the head become diseased. Nasal catarrh gradually extends to the throat and bronchial tubes and very often to the stomach, causing that very obstinate trouble, catarrh of the stomach.

Catarrh is a systematic poison, inherent in the blood, and local washes, douches, salves, inhalers and sprays can have no effect on the real cause of the disease. An internal remedy which acts upon the blood is the only rational treatment and Stuart's Catarrh Tablets is the safest of all internal remedies, as well as the most convenient and satisfactory from a medical standpoint.

Dr. Eaton recently stated that he had successfully used Stuart's Catarrh Tablets in old chronic cases, even where ulceration had extended so far as to destroy the septum of the nose. He says, "I am pleasantly surprised almost every day by the excellent results from Stuart's Catarrh Tablets. It is remarkable how effectually they remove the excessive secretion and bring about a healthy condition of the mucus membranes of the nose, throat and stomach."

All druggists sell complete treatment of the Tablets at 50 cents and a little book giving the symptoms and causes of the various forms of catarrh, will be mailed free by addressing F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

O—y—s—t—e—r—s at Townsend's.

WEDDED

In the Presence of Friends and Relatives.

Justice Reilly officiated at a home wedding yesterday evening being called upon to perform the ceremony which united Miss Alta Smith, daughter of Harrison Smith, to John H. Stevens. The wedding occurred at the home of the bride's father, 1200 west High street, and about twenty-five guests were present to offer congratulations and partake of a bountiful nuptial dinner.

O—y—s—t—e—r—s at Townsend's.

WANTS, FOR RENT, LOST, FOR SALE, ETC.

WANTED.

WANTED—Faithful manager to take charge of distributing depot and office to be opened in Lima to farther business interests of old established manufacturing concern. Salary, $125 per month and extra profits. Applicant must furnish good references and have $800 cash. Address Manager, P. O. Box 1121, Philadelphia, Pa. 68-2t

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Six room house, cor. of Market and Scott streets; nice location and in good repair; rent $10 per month. Inquire of O. C. Copeland, 109 east Wayne street. 9-3t

LOST.

LOST—A black kid glove, between Haller street and Grand avenue, on Elizabeth street. Finder plase return to the office or to O'Brien's meat market. 1t

FAUROT

Opera House

Friday, Jan. 3.

First Time at this Theatre!

Clyde Fitch's Great American Play,

"Barbara Frietchie"

The Frederick Girl.

Company Unexcelled. Elaborate Scenery.
Same as at the Criterion Theatre,
New York, for 150 Nights.

PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00.
Sale Thursday, 9 a. m.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Isaac Coon, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as executor of the estate of Isaac Coon, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 31st day of December, A. D., 1901.

SANFORD S. COON, Ex.

jan2-3wks semi

Everything Marked Down to a

Bargain Price

During Our

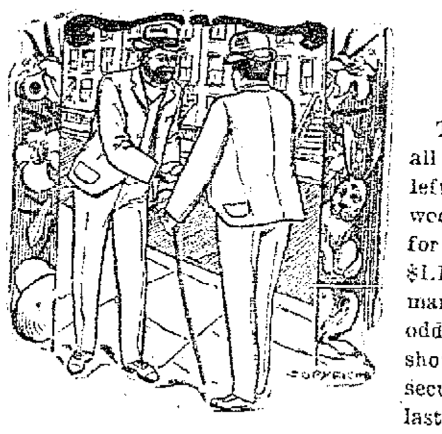
Cut Price Inventory Sale.

MICHAEL'S

UP TO DATE STORE
FOR CLOTHING & FOOTWEAR

We Do as We Advertise.

A WORD TO CAREFUL BUYERS.



This is Our Usual Way of Celebrating the Quiet Season.

This is our way of disposing of all our short ends wsich we have left, and also of our mill ends of woolens by making them to order for our famous cleaning up price, $1.19 a leg. This is our customary manner each season of unloading odds and ends. See them in our show window and by all means secure a couple of legs while they last.

Remember Each Pair is Made to Your Personal Measure and Well Tailored.

With each and every suit and overcoat purchased, we will make to your measure a pair of our famous $1.19 a leg trousers gratis. If you are in need of any clothes don't wait too long, but leave your order with us while the selection is large, as these mill ends usually last but a short time, and when they are once gone we have no more.

The Real Value of These Trousers $4, $5 and $6. During this Sale $1.19 a leg and two legs $2.38.

Scotch Woolen Mills Co.,

$15.00 TAILORS.

Xmas Candies.

A. B. Gum Drops 5c pound.
Gum Mixed Candy 6c pound.
French Cremes 15c pound.

James S. Smith,

GROCER. 'Phone 127.

Do You Want a First Class Set of Teeth?

If so, now is your chance! Until January 1st, 1902, we will make you one of our $10 sets for $5. None better, no matter what you pay. We do just what we say.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Painless extraction Free when plates are ordered.

J. K. Bannister & Co.,

Dentists, Opera House Block.

Hours 8 to 5:30. Evenings 7 to 8. Sundays 9 to 12.

JOHN BULL OUR PUPIL

Wealthy Englishman's Plan For America to Teach Britons.

WILL PAY ALL THE EXPENSES.

Alfred Mosely to Send a Commission to the United States to Study Our Methods of Education and Business—Considers American Boys Brighter Than English.

Alfred Mosely, an Englishman who made a huge fortune in the South African diamond fields, is going to spend part of it in a peculiar fashion, writes a staff correspondent of the New York Press from London. He has spent a good deal of time traveling in America and has become impressed so greatly with American methods of business and of commercial education that he purposes to send part of England to school to the United States, paying the expenses out of his own pocket.

The first batch of pupils will be a commission consisting of two or three members of parliament, the heads of some of the largest business houses, a few labor leaders and representatives of the leading universities.

Mr. Mosely has been in consultation for some time with leading representatives of British commercial, industrial and educational institutions, and the other day his plan was indorsed by a meeting presided over by Lord Reay, chairman of the London school board, and including Sir Joshua Fitch, chief inspector of training colleges; Sidney Webb and Dr. W. Garnett, chairman and secretary respectively of the technical education board of the London county council.

"I have traveled practically in all parts of the United States," said Mr. Mosely, "and everything I have seen assures me that America is getting far ahead of us. In my study of America I was struck by the fact that the boy you meet on the streets there is brighter and better informed than the boy you meet in England. A brighter boy will grow into a brighter man.

"I realize of course that America if only on account of her wonderful natural resources is bound to be a mighty commercial nation in the future, but I think there is room for Great Britain too, and the deduction I draw from the advantage America is gaining so steadily is that Great Britain must move on American lines, that our red tape, tradition and vested interests ought as far as possible to be put on one side and that this country should step out with the spirit of the age, which is progress.

"I believe that the fault lies somewhere in our educational system. I cannot put my finger on the weak spot, however, for I don't pretend to be an educationist. Our mining in South Africa practically was a failure until American engineers made our gold fields the success that they are. It is English money, but American brains.

"We expect that the commission will leave here just after the house of commons rises in August of next year so as to suit the legislators who will be of the party as well as to arrive on the continent soon after the opening of the schools. Then the commissioners will visit the United States, where they will stay in all the principal cities. They will inquire not only into education, but into all American methods of commerce and industry. The commission will be absent from here probably about four months."

All druggists guarantee every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and will refund the money to anyone who is not satisfied after using two-thirds of the contents. This is the best remedy in the world for la grippe, coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough and is pleasant and safe to take. It prevents any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia. nov-1m

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Some men take time by the forelock, while others hang on to his coat-tail.

IF BANNER SALVE

doesn't cure your piles, your money will be returned. It is the most healing medicine.

H. F. Vortkamp, corner Main and North streets.

"Lots of people merely seem bright," says the Manayunk Philosopher, "because so many other people are stupid."

Dr. Humphreys.

After fifty years Dr. Humphreys' Specifics enjoy the greatest popularity and largest sale in their history, due to intrinsic merit. They cure the sick.

NO.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic...	.25
3	Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults......	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis............	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.....	.25
9	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo..	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods....	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods, ...	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.....	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions..	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains.....	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.....	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping-Cough	.25
27	Kidney Diseases.....................	.25
28	Nervous Debility.....................	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed..	.25
77	Grip, Hay Fever........................	.25

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price.

☞ Dr. Humphreys' New Pocket Manual of all Diseases mailed free.

Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Sts., New York.

FARM AND GARDEN

TOMATO FORCING.

Training to a Single Stem and Three Stem Training.

Difficulties are to be met with in tomato forcing which do not confront the winter grower of lettuce, radishes and other plants which come to perfection in spring and early summer. The tomato loves light and heat, and to compel it to ripen fruit during the short, dark days of midwinter, when its beautiful red globes are most attractive and command the highest prices, requires the gardener's most careful attention. Some of the requisites to success and methods used have been stated by the Geneva (N. Y.) station, as follows:

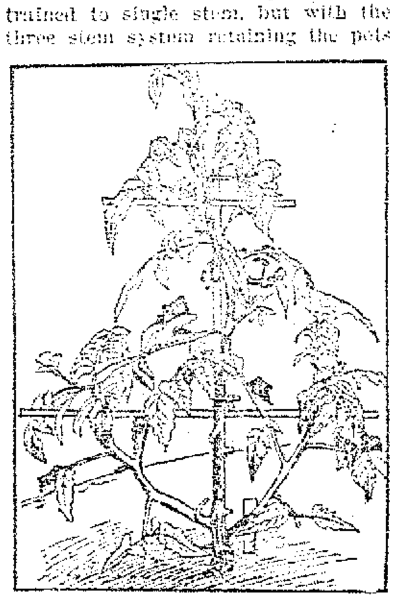
TOMATOES TRAINED TO SINGLE STEMS.

The grower must have vigorous, healthy plants to withstand the artificial conditions of forcing house life, but he must not feed his charges too richly or too heavily lest his harvest prove "nothing but leaves" until the oncoming of Florida grown tomatoes makes his ripening crop a profitless one. The problem he must solve is to check growth sufficiently to cause early setting and ripening of fruit without lessening the vigor necessary for a full crop.

Various plans are used by growers to accomplish these purposes. Some set the plants in limited amounts of soil to retard their growth until fruit is set, then stimulate with commercial fertilizers or liquid manure, others limit root development by growing the plants in pots or small boxes, and others check the growth of the main stem by heading out the first shoot upon each side.

From tests at the station mentioned it has been concluded that single stem training is clearly superior to three stem training for winter forcing of tomatoes. The fruits on the single stem plants are heavier and greater in number for equal areas, so that the total yield per square foot of bench surface is decidedly larger. It was found also that the amount of fruit ripened during the first six weeks of fruiting is much greater for the single stem plants, although in many instances the first fruits ripened were upon the three stem plants.

In comparing plants grown in pots and on benches very slight differences were found when the plants were trained to single stem, but with the three stem system retaining the pots seems to be a decided disadvantage, as shown by the less number of fruits and smaller total yield of plants thus checked in growth.



FIRST STAGE OF THREE STEM TRAINING.

The Lorillard was the variety used in all tests, as this is conceded to be one of the best sorts for early winter forcing. The cuts show plants trained to single stems and the first stage of three stem training, together with the manner of pruning off part of foliage to prevent too vigorous growth.

Current News and Notes.

The cabbage crop on the whole is disappointing.

Prices for new broom corn are considerably higher than usual at this season of the year, says Orange Judd Farmer.

A clean, dry bed pleases the sheep.

An attempt is to be made to grow East India mangoes on the Indian river, Florida.

Foreign buyers want good fruit.

Fumigation of trees under twelve feet in height is generally recommended as the most effective remedy for keeping San Jose scale in check.

Cut green bone has given better results in egg production at the West Virginia station than meat scraps and meal.

It has been estimated that the Babcock milk test effects a saving of 5 per cent of the butter fat of all the milk and cream handled by all the creameries.

RESISTANCE TO FROST.

A Study In Strawberries—Nine Strong Varieties.

Throughout a large proportion of the strawberry growing localities light frosts often occur in the late spring, killing a variable percentage of the flowers and recently set fruit of the strawberry. The injury from such frosts appears first in the blackening of the pistils, which occurs within a few hours after the frost. Fruit upon which the pistils have been injured by frost either fails to develop or produces a small berry of irregular form.

On the grounds of the Montana station it was observed that a considerable variation prevailed in the resistant power of different strawberries to frost.

In general it was found that injury to such fruits was confined to the achenes or seeds of the strawberry. The pulpy mass or receptacle was in no case injured, and the surface of the pulp did not become blackened or show any other changes which would indicate injury from the frost. The seeds in varieties which suffered injury were killed by the frost and rapidly showed discoloration and a decomposition of their tissues.

Upon studying thin sections of injured and uninjured strawberries of different varieties at the same immature stages of development it was found that in those varieties which did not suffer from frost the seeds were more deeply imbedded in the substance of the pulp than was the case in those varieties which were injured. In those varieties in which the seeds were so deeply imbedded in the pulp that they were protected from the frost by a layer of tissue the protruding styles or tips of the pistils were killed by the frost, as in the case of varieties where the seeds were also killed. It was noted however, that, although the surface of the berry at first exhibited the blackened tips of styles, the fruit proceeded with its development, and ultimately all trace of the injury disappeared.

In the varieties which were most damaged by the frost the seeds were most exposed upon the surface, and they were least exposed in those varieties which suffered least. In general it was found that a somewhat regular series of gradations prevailed extending from varieties which were uninjured to those which were most damaged.

It was found during this study that nine varieties of strawberries had escaped all injury from the frost. These varieties were Bisel, Crescent, General Putnam, Princeton Chief, Parker Earle, Robinson, Stevens, Shuster Gem and Warfield, all of which have the seeds deeply imbedded in the pulp. Varieties with short fruit stalks and long leaf stalks are less liable to injury from late spring frosts from the fact that their flowers are to some extent protected by the foliage.

It may be found upon further investigation that the conditions reported for Montana do not prevail in all localities.

CURING BACON.

Careful Trimming, Scalding and Packing In Straw or Hay.

The hog having been properly fattened and killed and the offal removed, let the carcass hang until the flesh is firm enough to cut well. Cut up as usual. The first point of importance is to carefully trim each piece, using a sharp knife. Make the flesh side as smooth as possible. There is no waste in this, as all the trimmings go to the lard or sausage tubs. As far as possible try to have the surface of lean meat. Rub well and pack down. Use an ounce of saltpeter and three to four pounds of sugar to fifty pounds of salt. Arrange for drainage and cover well with salt.

When well salted, which will be within three or four weeks, according to size of hog, have a kettle of boiling water and immerse each piece in this for about one and a half minutes. This will make a hard crust on the flesh side and will also harden the skin, making it almost impervious to insects, and the scalding will destroy all insects and fermentation germs that may be on the surface. This I consider the second point in importance.

Then hang and smoke thoroughly with hardwood sawdust, if such can be had. Oak of any sort is excellent, because it is rich in pyroligneous acid, which gives to smoke its value as a preservative and also contributes its characteristic flavor to the meat. When sufficiently smoked, scald again, rub with black pepper and pack in boxes with straw or clean, sweet hay, and the meat will keep indefinitely. Hams and shoulders should be salted separately or, as is usually done, placed on the top of the pile.

In the southern part of the state I would stick a knife straight into the joints of the hams and shoulders, letting out the sinuous fluid and filling the hole and joint with salt. I have cured as nice breakfast bacon as any person could wish in the city of Galveston and in midsummer by packing in salt for three days and scalding and smoking in a sugar hogshead. These sides were, when cured, about two inches thick. This meat was cured more by smoke than by salt.

Every farmer is supposed to know how to both salt and smoke bacon. The only points I insist upon as important are the careful trimming, the scalding and the storing in straw or hay. The trimming destroys the favorite hiding and breeding places of deleterious germs, whether animal or vegetable. The scalding destroys all such germs on or near the surface, and packing in straw or hay prevents the entrance of such germs after the curing process is complete and protects the bacon from atmospheric influences, dust and mildew, as well as putrefying germs and destructive insects.—A. A. Pittrick, Texas, in Orange Judd Farmer.

THE SHAWS AT HOME.

Family Life of New Secretary of the Treasury.

WIFE TELLS OF HER SOCIAL VIEWS

Not Opposed to Decollete Dresses and Believes Women Should Be Pretty—Says She Is "Not Much of a Hand For Jewels"—Can Make a Dress If Necessary.

"Oh, you newspaper people never let me alone," said Mrs. Shaw, the wife of the new secretary of the treasury, to the correspondent of the New York World at Des Moines, Ia.

"It is the funniest thing about this whole business. And you want to know all about our home life and my taste for gowns, etc. Do you think the public is really interested in that?"

Even as she complained she sat down and prepared for talk that she manifestly intimated would be a pleasure to her, though she had been interrupted in her toilet in preparing to attend an informal reception. Though no member of the Shaw family makes any claim to beauty, their dispositions are charming. This is particularly true of Mrs. Shaw, whose frankness and guilelessness make her exceptionally interesting.

"To begin with, then, there are five of us. As you see, I'm the largest member of the family. We love home above all else, and our greatest joy in life is during vacation time, such as the present, when we can have our children with us and spend long evenings together at the fireside.

"Mr. Shaw, as you know, is an active Sunday school worker, and we all try to go to church on Sunday. Mr. Shaw was superintendent of the Sunday school at Denison even before I married him, and he has been an officer pretty much ever since. In Des Moines he was superintendent of the Sunday school at the First M. E. church for a year, but had to give it up for lack of time.

"At Denison I nearly always taught a class, but I haven't done much in that line since I came to Des Moines. We are trying to raise our children as active Christians, and I feel we have succeeded, but do not think that our love of home life interferes with an enjoyment of society.

"I'm fond of receptions and socials and such things and have always done my share of entertaining. I expect when I go to Washington to do whatever the other cabinet members' wives do in that way.

"Do I know what that will be? Indeed I do not. I expect to take part in the receptions given by the president and members of the cabinet, and if the ladies of the cabinet have 'at homes' ever so often I shall too. As a matter of fact, I have been in Washington but twice and haven't much of an idea what they do along that line there. Each time we have been there we did not go to visit any one in particular and stopped at hotels.

"We took our children with us when we went to President McKinley's inauguration. Then I was there about two years before. But, really, that I come to think of it, I did go out some. While there I attended a reception given by Mrs. John A. Logan and another given by Mrs. Dolliver. I accompanied Mrs. Dolliver. Seems to me I went somewhere else too.

"Something about my gowns too? Really, now, I haven't had a dress made for Washington yet and haven't any idea just what I shall wear. I've got enough clothes left to do in an emergency as it is and suppose I can get everything made I need when I get there.

"No, indeed, I'm not opposed to decollete dresses. I'm one of those women who think pretty things are made to wear and that women should look as pretty as possible.

"But as for jewels, while I have some, I'm not much of a hand for them. As a matter of fact, I haven't as many as most women, but perhaps the public isn't interested in knowing that. While we have never been great hands to travel, I've been in the east a number of times. In 1894, I think it was, Mr. Shaw and I were at New York for a month. I dearly love to go and am sure I will greatly enjoy life in Washington.

"But as for knowing what to expect, I'm entirely at sea. This has come upon us so suddenly and unexpectedly that I haven't had time to collect my thoughts. Mr. Shaw talked over with Senator Allison how much we would be expected to expend on society, and we decided we could get along very nicely on $5,000 more than Mr. Shaw's salary. I flatter myself that I can make a very nice gown if necessary, and my girls can too."

Miss Enid, the eldest of the Shaw children, is twenty years old, Earl is eighteen and Miss Emma is a miss of fourteen. Earl attends Culver Military academy, in Indiana, and Emma is a junior at Cornell college, Mount Vernon, Ia.

Snakeskin His Necktie.

Miram Heller of Long Pond, near Stroudsburg, Pa., wears a necktie made of the skin of a black rattlesnake, says the New York World. His belt is the scaly covering of the yellow rattler, and his suspenders are the glossy hides of two large blacksnakes. Each of his gloves is ornamented with the half of the fur of a white weasel.

Useful Automobile Device.

A new device is a spring in the cushion of the automobile driver's seat which throws off the power the instant he rises or is thrown from his seat.

relieves neuralgic and other nervous pains. It relieves them quickly. It is absolutely harmless. By quieting the nerves, it removes the cause of all nervous diseases. When your head feels as if thousands of pins were sticking in it, when your night's rest is broken by those awful neuralgic pains, when, on account of your awful suffering, you become morose and cross, when you are tired of your very existence, when, in short, you are in the grasp of that fiendish disease, Neuralgia, buy a box of **Neuralgyline.**

Take one pellet. Twenty minutes after you have taken it, **your pains will have vanished as if by magic.** You only have yourself to blame now if you continue to have Neuralgic pains, for **Neuralgyline** relieves pain permanently.

TESTIMONIALS.—Every sale of **Neuralgyline** insures a satisfied customer, who by telling of its merits, makes new customers. Mr. F. FELL, Druggist, Canton, Ohio.

I recommend Neuralgyline as a permanent cure for Neuralgia and neuralgic headache. W. SCOTT, M. D., Ormond, Florida.

They have been relieved of their awful suffering, so can you.

Every first-class druggist in town sells Neuralgyline. Price 25c. a box. If you find that Neuralgyline is not as represented, money will be cheerfully refunded. Samples free on request.

The Neuralgyline Co.,
Manufacturing Chemists,
WHEELING,
W. VA.

The
Queen & Crescent
and Southern Railway.

On January 6, 1902, the Chicago & Florida Special will go into service for the season. Magnificent Train, Dining Cars, Composite and Observation Cars, Through Compartment and Open Standard Sleepers from Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit, Toledo, Pittsburg, Louisville and Cincinnati to St. Augustine without change. Three Trains Daily Cincinnati to Florida. Through Sleepers St. Louis to Charleston. Double Daily Service Cincinnati to New Orleans: 24 hour schedules. Winter Tourist Tickets at low rates now on sale. Write for free printed matter.

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W. J. MURPHY, GEN'L MANAGER,
W. C. RINEARSON, GEN'L PASS'GR AGENT,
CINCINNATI.

Tubes For Birmingham.

A powerful London syndicate, it is stated, is to apply to parliament next session for powers to construct a complete system of underground tubes for Birmingham. The name of Mr. Yerkes is mentioned in connection with the scheme, says the London Express. The money necessary for the undertaking is reported to have been guaranteed already, and Messrs. Millward & Co. of Birmingham have been instructed in the matter. Experts state that an effective system would cost at least £2,000,000. In a few weeks surveyors will be sent down to plan works and stations. The system proposed is on the same lines as the London "twopenny tube."

REMARKABLE CURE FOR CROUP.

A Little Boy's Life Saved.

I have a few words to say regarding Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It saved my little boy's life and I feel that I cannot praise it enough. I bought a bottle of it from A. E. Steer, of Goodwin, S. D., and when I got home with it the poor baby could hardly breathe. I gave the medicine as directed every ten minutes until he "threw up" and then I thought sure he was going to choke to death. We had to pull phlegm out of his mouth in great long strings. I am positive that if I had not got that bottle of cough medicine, my boy would not be on earth today.—Joel Demont, Inwood, Iowa. For sale by Wm. Melville, old post office corner.

Some fellows are ready to stand up for the fair sex until they find themselves in a crowded car.

W. L. Yancy, Paducah, Ky., writes: "I had a severe case of kidney disease and three of the best physicians in southern Kentucky treated me without success. I was induced to try **Foley's Kidney Cure.** The first bottle gave immediate relief and three bottles cured me permanently. I gladly recommend this wonderful remedy." Take no substitute.

H. F. Vortkamp, corner Main and North streets.

Love letters are eagerly scanned by the male inspectors.

If troubled with a weak digestion, belching, sour stomach, or if you feel dull after eating, try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at Wm. Melville's drug store, old post office corner.

CANCER CURED BY PLASTER

Application Proves Successful on Man Eighty-seven Years Old.

Edward Beebe, eighty-seven years old, a resident of Derby, Conn., for nearly half a century, has been cured of a cancer. The cancer first appeared on his face twenty years ago. A year ago [illegible] had that [illegible] his death [illegible] a few weeks. About a month ago [illegible] Mr. Beebe [illegible] the plaster application was [illegible] decided upon.

The plaster was applied to the nose. Two weeks later the plaster came off and the cancer with it, says the New York Press. Mr. Beebe is up and about and says the pain has gone and he feels as well as a man of his age could. The same treatment is being tried on two other Derby persons afflicted with cancer.

"Some time ago my daughter caught a severe cold. She complained of pains in her chest and had a bad cough. I gave her Chamberlain's Cough Remedy according to directions and in two days she was well and able to go to school. I have used this remedy in my family for the past seven years and have never known it to fail," says James Prendergast, merchant, Annatto Bay, Jamaica, West India Islands. The pains in the chest indicated an approaching attack of pneumonia, which in this instance was undoubtedly warded off by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It counteracts any tendency of a cold toward pneumonia. Sold by Wm. Melville, old post office corner.

Despite the temperance advocates, the fellow who drinks to excess is the one who gets a head.

A Deep Mystery.

It is a mystery why women endure Backache, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells when thousands have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such troubles. "I suffered for years with kidney trouble," writes Mrs. Phebe Cherley, of Patterson, Ia., "and a lame back pained me so I could not dress myself, but Electric Bitters wholly cured me, and, although 73 years old, I now am able to do all my housework." It overcomes Constipation, improves Appetite, gives perfect health. Only 50c at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store.

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Free sites, financial assistance, and freedom from taxation, for the manufacturer.

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Half fare excursions the first and third Tuesdays of each month.

Let us know what you want, and we will tell you where and how to get it—but don't delay, as the country is filling up rapidly.

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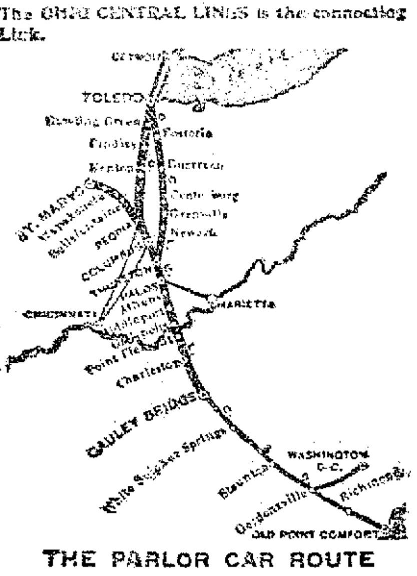

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Quick Dessert
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We have a large sum of money to loan on city property and improved farm lands at the VERY LOWEST RATE OF INTEREST, with the privilege of paying part or all at any interest paying day. Persons wishing CHEAP MONEY and on SHORT NOTICE will find it will be to their interest to call.

C. H. FOLSOM,
Real Estate and Loan Broker, Room 2 and 3, Holmes Block.

ERIE RAILROAD

Time Card in Effect Nov. 3rd, 1901.
From Lima, Ohio.

TRAINS WEST.	Depart.
No. 5, Vestibule Limited, daily for Chicago and the West	11:33 a m
No. 3, Pacific Express, daily, for Chicago and the West	1:12 a m
No. 1, Express, daily, except Sunday, for Chicago and the West	9:10 a m
No. 13, Wells-Fargo Limited Express, daily, except Monday	3:59 p m
TRAINS EAST.	
No. 8, Vestibule Limited daily, for New York and Boston	9:02 p m
No. 2, Express, daily, except Sunday	3:24 p m
No. 12, Express, daily for New York	3:41 a m

Train 13 will not run days following legal holidays.
Through Coaches and sleeping cars to New York and Boston.

FRANK C. McCOY, Agent.
W. S. MORRISON, Trav. Pass. Agt. Huntington.

C. H. & D. RAILROAD.

South Bound.

	Departs.
No. 7. Daily	2:10 a m
No. 11. Daily except Sunday	5:30 a m
1. leaves daily except Sunday	8:55 a m
No. 5. Daily	12:41 p m
No. 3. Daily	4:20 p m
No. 9. Daily	6:00 p m
No. 25. Sunday only	6:50 a m
No. 13. Daily, except Sunday, Arr.	7:45 p m
No. 43. Sunday only, arrives	11:30 p m

North Bound.

	Departs.
No. 12. Daily	2:35 a m
14. leaves daily except Sunday	5:35 a m
2. leaves daily except Sunday	[illegible]
No. 6. Daily	11:57 a m
No. 4. Daily except Sunday	4:35 p m
No. 20. Sunday only	7:33 a m
No. 10. Daily except Sunday, Arr.	9:30 p m
No. 38. Sunday only, Arr.	9:55 p m
No. 44. Sunday only, leaves	6:15 a m

L. E. & W. RAILROAD.

East Bound—Leaving Time.

No. 2. Eastern Express, daily	6:11 p m
No. 4. N. Y. and Boston Lim'td, except Sunday	1:42 p m
No. 8. Cleveland and Buffalo Fast Mail, except Sunday	8:15 a m

West Bound—Leaving Time.

No. 1. N. Y., Kansas City and Denver Lim'td, daily	9:47 a m
No. 3. Lima and St. Louis Express, except Sunday	3:50 a m
No. 5. N. Y., Cleveland and Indianapolis Express, except Sunday	4:38 p m
No. 7. Cleveland and Lima Special, arrives except Sunday	8:20 p m

Trains No. 2 and 4 run in connection with the L. S. & M. S. "fast flyers," the most magnificently appointed trains in the world for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York, Boston, Montreal and all eastern cities. Trains No. 1 and 3 make close connection at Bloomington and Peoria with through trains for all points in the West, Northwest and Southwest. Trains No. 1 and 2 have modern, up-to-date parlor and dining car service.

Inquire further of F. A. Burkhardt, City Passenger agent. Bell Phones 159 and 672.

LOCAL TIME CARD.

P. F. W. & C.

NO.	EAST BOUND.
24, Pittsburg special, daily	12:53 a. m.
6, Eastern express, daily	7:34 a. m.
26, Crestline accommodation, daily except Sunday	9:00 a. m.
22, To Alliance, daily except Sunday	2:37 p. m.
20, New York special, daily	5:27 p. m.
8, Day Express, daily	9:30 p. m.
2, Limited Express, daily	10:49 p. m.
	WEST BOUND.
45, Chicago and west daily	2:30 a. m.
5, Limited Express, daily	5:30 a. m.
21, Chicago Special, daily	8:35 a. m.
29, Chicago and west, daily except Sunday	9:40 a. m.
9, Chicago and west daily	7:25 p. m.
65, Ft. Wayne accommodation daily except Sunday	5:30 p. m.

C. L. & M. RAILROAD.

No. 1 A. M.			No. 2 P. M.
7:00	Lv. 00	Defiance (1)	Ar 4:30
	03	*Miller	
	05	*Mentley	
7:24	Lv. 07	Southerton	Lv 4:06
7:30	Lv. 09	Rice	Lv 4:00
7:45	Ar. 14	Continental (2)	Lv 3:45
8:15	Lv.	Continental (2)	Ar 3:15
	15	*Leon	
8:25	Ar. 20	Dorrington (3)	Lv. 2:55
8:45	Lv. 20	Dorrington (3)	Ar 2:45
8:55	Ar. 22	Kalida	Lv 2:25
9:10	Lv. 22	Kalida	Ar 2:20
	27	*Seitz	
9:31	Lv. 29	Jones City (4)	Lv 1:59
9:40	Lv. 32	Gomer	Lv 1:50
	35	*Pogue	
10:00	Ar 40	North Lima (5)	Lv 1:30
10:05	Ar. 41	C. H. & D. Yds. (5)	Lv 1:25

*—Flag Stations.
'—Nos. 1 and 2 daily, except Sundays.

DETROIT SOUTHERN.

Taking effect Sunday, December 15th, the change of time of passenger trains at Lima is as follows:

Going South.

No. 1	2:15 p. m.
No. 3	6:00 a. m.

Going North.

No. 2	10:55 a. m.
No. 4	8:25 p. m.

Nos. 1 and 2 daily between Lima and Bainbridge, O.

Nos. 1 and 2 daily, except Sunday, between Lima and Detroit.

Nos. 3 and 4 run between Lima and Jackson, O., daily except Sunday.

MONOCLE FAD REVIVED.

Single Eyeglass Habit Is Coming In Again In London.

A London Express representative has discovered the interesting fact that the monocle is slowly coming back again. Not since the days of Major Pendennis and the Iron Duke, whom the old soldier tried to copy, has there been anything like the vogue which is now setting in in single eyeglasses.

Some who claim to know trace the origin of the new fashion to the fact that officers serving in South Africa have found them very serviceable; others put them down to a revival at Oxford and Cambridge.

At the establishment of Messrs. Ross of Bond street, who for years have supplied the elite with monocles, the reporter was informed that the new craze has been in progress for some time. It is an undoubted fact that there is a growing demand for a particular type of eyeglass manufactured in America which is peculiarly adapted to sensitive eyesight.

To a question whether the wearing of the single eyeglass was not so much a necessity as a foppish fad the reporter received the reply that of 100 men wearing monocles there would be perhaps about twenty wearing plain nonmagnifying glasses—window pane—purely for ornament. The rest would require the use of the monocle to help the defective sight of one or the other eye.

TOLD IN LIMA.

Its the Evidence of Lima People Published in Troy Papers That Has Made Such a Reputation For Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills.

Standing clear and distinct, marking the difference, the superior merit, the adaptability to present day ailments is the volume of local testimony for Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. Its so different to the ordinary remedies referring to cures made at different points which it is hard to verify. There is a reason for Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills commanding home evidence wherever they are known. It is their wonderful influence in bringing up the standard of Nerve force. Mrs. Flora Nitler of Reece avenue, Lima, Ohio, says: "I had a pain and a lump in the right side near the liver. Nothing helped me, no medicine or doctor seemed to reach it. I ran down in strength and grew very nervous. Finally my mother called my attention to Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills and I got some at Melville's drug store, and the lump and pain went away rapidly and in addition to this, I grew strong and hearty every way. The result after so many failures is wonderful and I am more than pleased."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D. are on every package. 2923

Mrs. Muggins—"Have the Backbites much bric-a-brac?" Mrs. Bagglass—"I understand they have a good many family jars."

It Girdles the Globe.

The fame of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, as the best in the world, extends round the earth. It's the only perfect healer of cuts, burns, bruises, sores, scalds, boils, ulcers, felons, aches, pains, and all skin eruptions. Only infallible pile cure. 25c a box at H. F. Vortkamp's.

Blobbs—"She is such a positive girl." Slobbs—"That didn't prevent her from giving me a negative answer when I proposed."

Cut this out and take it to Wm. M. Melville, old post office corner, and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, the best physic. They also cure disorders of the stomach, biliousness and headache.

Tommy—"Say, Pop." Tommy's Pop—"Well, what is it?" Tommy—"Pop, what is the feminine gender of hymnbook?"

Dr. James' Headache Powders.

BE CAREFUL.

When the druggist offers you a substitute for

Dr. James' Headache Powders

refuse it. Demand Dr. James'—if you want your headache cured.

Dr. James' Headache Powders are perfectly safe and reliable.

At all Drug Stores, 4 doses 10 cents.

Cure Where Others Fail.

W. M. Melville and The Mell Pharmacy

FARM GARDEN

GREAT THINGS.

The Southern Cowpea and Tall Corn From the Philippines.

The following are among the notable things of which mention is made in Rural New Yorker:

The cut shows a single volunteer plant of the Black Renovator cowpea, which grew in the garden of a Pennsylvania farm the past season. The plant completely covered a circle twelve feet in diameter. The stem was three-quarters of an inch in diameter where it entered the ground and was still growing rapidly when taken up Sept. 23. This plant did not come to the blossoming stage owing to the abnormal season. Last year the Black Renovator matured seed on this same ground. The grower says:

A SINGLE COWPEA PLANT.

"Cowpeas have come to stay at this farm. It was formerly claimed that this plant was of doubtful value this far north (latitude of Cleveland, O.), but our experience has proved the error of such claims. We have grown chiefly the Early Black, but have also tried other varieties, notably Warren's Early and Renovator. On the whole, the Early Black gives as good growth of vines as any. Besides, the seed is much cheaper to buy and much easier to shell if we save our own seed. With us all the varieties mentioned matured seed in 1900.

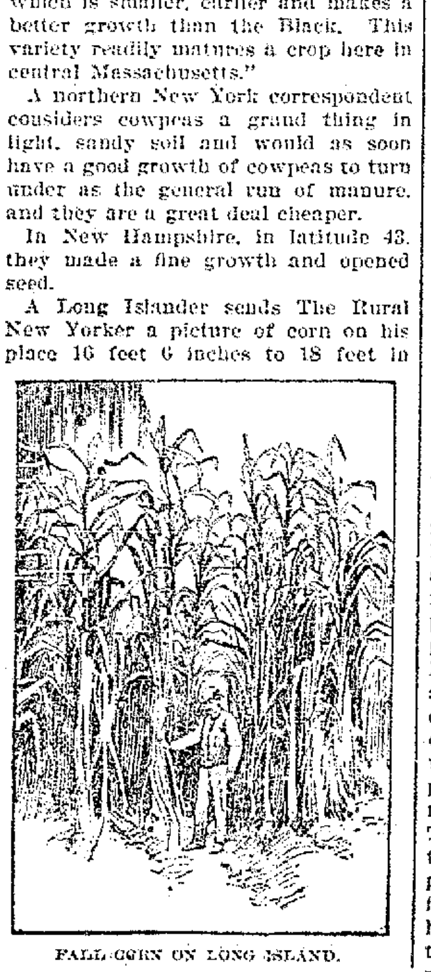
"Our favorite method in the future will be to mow a portion of our meadow land, say, during the fore part of June, immediately fit the soil and seed to cowpeas, using a small quantity of chemicals. As soon as the vines are frosted plow under and seed to rye, using lime, the rye to be turned under the next spring for potatoes. Soy beans have promise with us. We shall try sowing a mixture of cowpeas and soy beans next season."

A Massachusetts man writes: "June 28, 1893, I sowed cowpeas in a wornout pasture—light, sandy soil. In October, after several severe frosts, I plowed the peas—a light crop—and sowed rye. In the following spring the rye was plowed in and corn planted, with no manure to speak of. The result was a crop of corn which was a surprise, considering the soil, due to the peas. These were the Black. Since then I have sown cowpeas every year for green manuring and fodder with good results, using the Whippoorwill, which is smaller, earlier and makes a better growth than the Black. This variety readily matures a crop here in central Massachusetts."

A northern New York correspondent considers cowpeas a grand thing in light, sandy soil and would as soon have a good growth of cowpeas to turn under as the general run of manure, and they are a great deal cheaper.

In New Hampshire, in latitude 43, they made a fine growth and opened seed.

A Long Islander sends The Rural New Yorker a picture of corn on his place 16 feet 6 inches to 18 feet in height. The seed came from Luzon, Philippine Islands, but the corn is said not to grow to that height there. It was planted without any care or cultivation and with an idea that it would not grow on Long Island, not to speak of its enormous height. The corn is red, round, beadlike and very easy to shell. The stalks are very hard and strong, withstanding the winds better than the domestic, regardless of its height. The leaves are long, wide and sweeping.



TALL CORN ON LONG ISLAND.

The quality of apples this season does not correspond with the high price.

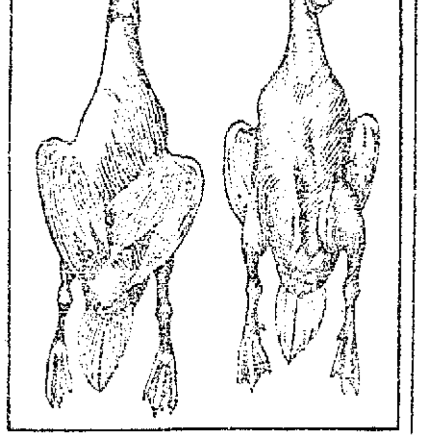
DUCKS FOR MARKET.

Killing and Dressing—Dry Picking and Scalding.

From the approach of Thanksgiving on till after the winter holidays the dressing of poultry takes on much importance. There are two methods of dressing ducks for market, by dry picking and by scalding, and these have been described by an authority on the subject as follows: Both of these methods are good and are being successfully employed by the largest raisers. Some have a preference for dry picking and others for scalding, and it only becomes a matter of taste which method is used. When birds are dressed by scalding, they should be dipped several times or until the feathers come out easily. The back should be dipped in the water first. After scalding wipe them as dry as possible with a sponge and pick the breast feathers first. A bird when dressed for market has left on it the feathers on the wing, the tail feathers and the feathers on head and neck. The legs are left on, and the birds are not drawn.

The process of dry picking is considered the simpler of the two methods, and one who is accustomed to the work can readily dress three dozen birds in a day. The picker's outfit consists of a chair, a box for the feathers and a couple of knives, one knife being dull and the other being sharp pointed and double edged for bleeding. The bird is taken between the knees, the bill held open with the left hand and a cut made across the roof of the mouth just below the eyes. The bird is then stunned by striking its head against a post or some hard substance. The picker seats himself in the chair, with the bird in his lap, its head held firmly between one knee and the box. The feathers are carefully sorted while picking, the pins are thrown away, and the body feathers, with the down, are thrown into the box. Care should be taken about this, as the feathers from each bird will weigh about two ounces and will quite pay for the picking.

The dull knife and the thumb are used to remove the long pinfeathers, and this should be done without tearing the skin. The down can usually be rubbed off by slightly moistening the hand and holding the skin tight. Often some of the pins cannot be taken out without tearing and disfiguring the skin. When such is the case, they should be shaved off. Seven or eight minutes is all the time necessary to dress a bird.



PAIR OF DRESSED DUCKS.

After the birds are picked they should be carefully washed and plumped by placing in a tank or barrel of ice water. They are hardened in this ice water and given a rounded and full appearance.

The ducks are then packed in barrels or boxes and shipped to market. The first or bottom layer is packed with backs down, a layer of ice is then placed over them, and all other layers are packed with the breasts down, a layer of ice being between each layer of ducks. The top of the box or barrel is then rounded off with ice and covered with burlaps. A flour barrel will hold about three dozen birds. Some raisers use boxes for shipping and have the empties returned free.

Pumpkins For Hogs.

Not much has been done in an experimental way in feeding pumpkins to hogs, but in practice many farmers in the west feed pumpkins very successfully. In 1898 experiments were carried on at the Oregon station to determine the value of pumpkins as a part ration for hogs with the following results: They were fed from Oct. 10 to Dec. 23. The pumpkins were cooked, and shorts were added to make the food palatable. The hogs gained 499 pounds and consumed 7,523 pounds of pumpkins and 924 pounds of shorts. Placing the pumpkins at $2.50 per ton and the shorts at $12 per ton, the total cost would be $14.94. This makes the cost of 100 pounds of grain in live weight $3. This is the cheapest pork produced from any combination of food materials tested at the Oregon station. The pumpkins were valued at the estimated cost of production. The pork produced by this feed was pronounced first class for bacon purposes. The hogs were healthy and were never off their feed throughout the feeding period.

The 1901 Flaxseed Crop.

There is a consensus of opinion among commercial authorities that the 1901 flaxseed crop of the United States will prove to be the largest ever produced in this country. Early in the season considerable divergence of opinion was expressed both as to acreage and yield, and estimates of production ranged from about 20,000,000 to 33,000,000 bushels. Lately, however, the range has been narrowed, and now there is practical unanimity that the crop will amount to between 22,000,000 and 26,500,000 bushels.

TYPE OF THE BOWERY

CHUCK CONNORS, QUAINT CHARACTER OF NEW YORK'S SLUMS.

Social Leader In Chinese District of the Great City—His Annual Ball. Queer Product of the Metropolis. Meeting With Hall Caine.

The annual ball of the Chuck Conners association has come and gone, and nothing is left of it but a memory. And such a memory! The elite of society of New York's Chinatown and adjacent districts in the Bowery are of one opinion as to the success of Mr. Connors' latest contribution to the gayety of life.

For several weeks prior to the great event huge posters decorated the walls of Chinese restaurants and Bowery saloons announcing the date of the event and bearing the admonition, "Bring your wads with you." And bring them they did, and spend them they did.

But all this was to be expected and was in the proper spirit, for when the association which takes its name from the redoubtable Chuck gives a ball the bars are let down, and everything goes, and goes to the limit, which is taken off. So much for Chuck Connors' ball.

Chuck Connors, by the way, is not a fictitious character, as some may suppose, but a living, breathing entity, very much in evidence in the everyday life of the peculiar district of New York in which is to be found the flotsam and jetsam of all the world, including China.

In a rather dingy Chinatown saloon Chuck Connors holds court. It is only a few doors away from the famous Bowery, in Pell street, the principal street of Chinatown. And here Chuck rules, for he is the unquestioned boss of his district.

Chuck's public career began as a newsboy and bootblack. He used to ply his trade at the New York end of the Brooklyn bridge and along Park row. As he accumulated years and muscle he became a prizefighter and later developed into an actor. These employments of callow days have now been relegated to the past, and it is as a saloon keeper and leader of the people that he is seen at his best.

Among newspaper men Chuck Connors is a great favorite, and his queer conceits and original humor have furnished material for many a story in Gotham's daily press. His intimate knowledge of the district in which he lives makes him an invaluable guide for slumming parties, and many such has Chuck conducted through the dark and crooked streets tenanted by every form of poverty and vice which compose his bailiwick.

CHUCK CONNORS.

Chuck's local fame was well established when as the original of E. W. Townsend's "Chimmie Fadden" he achieved almost national notoriety. He was also the hero of a series of Chinatown sketches written by William Norr for a New York paper. As an actor he succeeded the late Steve Brodie of bridge jumping fame in the "On the Bowery" company, and it is said professional jealousy was responsible for the coolness that later sprang up between them.

Friends of Mr. Connors say that he cherishes as his most precious possession a personal letter from Hall Caine, the author of "The Christian." How Chuck came to call Hall Caine "Me fren, de swell writer," came about in this manner: When Mr. Caine visited this country a year or so ago, he expressed a desire to see life as it existed on the Bowery. The name of the man suggested as best qualified to show him around was naturally that of Chuck Connors.

The high position in the world of letters held by the author was unknown to Chuck, but had he known he would not have treated him with more consideration than any one of the hundreds of sightseers to whom each year he shows the depths of degradation of New York's most flagrant menace—Chinatown.

What interested Chuck most was that Hall Caine handed him a five dollar bill and promised a similar donation when their trip should be over and the light of a new day should send Caine to his hotel and Chuck to his room $10 richer for an experience that to him was of nightly occurrence.

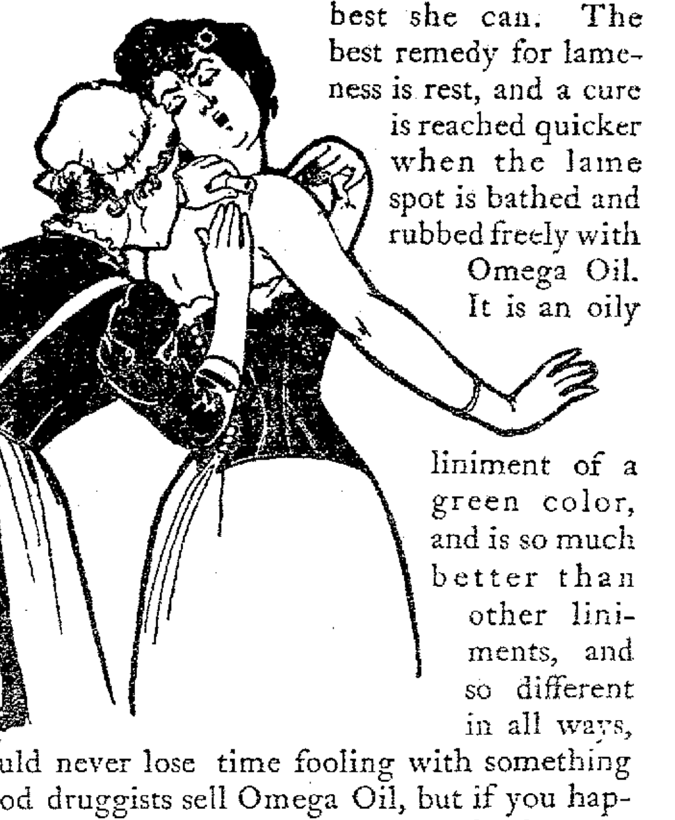
"Chuck Connors' personality haunted me," said the author a few days later, "and again I returned to Chinatown to renew an acquaintance with one of the most original characters it has ever been my fortune to meet. We have nothing in England, not even the costermonger, to equal the type. Chuck Connors will be one of my most pleasant recollections of America."

That is how Chuck Connors came to get a personal letter from the great Hall Caine.

Lame Shoulders

Omega Oil

A person with lame shoulders comes pretty near being helpless. A lameness in the arms or leg or back is just about as bad. Some men have to stop work while suffering in this way, but a woman usually has so much to do around the house that she just *has to* keep going as best she can. The best remedy for lameness is rest, and a cure is reached quicker when the lame spot is bathed and rubbed freely with Omega Oil. It is an oily liniment of a green color, and is so much better than other liniments, and so different in all ways, that you should never lose time fooling with something else. All good druggists sell Omega Oil, but if you happen to go where it is not on sale, please tell the druggist he ought to get a supply of his wholesaler. If you want any pain or ache to be quickly cured, Omega Oil is the remedy that will do the work. 50c. a bottle. 778



FOES TO BE FEARED

Are Uncle Sam's brave defenders. When the enemy—dyspepsia—attacks the [illegible] organs, you must provide effective means of forcing an [illegible] TABER'S PEPSIN COMPOUND is ever ready to help the [illegible] with dyspepsia, [illegible] their natural, healthy [illegible] with sick-headache, [illegible] or other symptoms of dyspepsia—TABER'S PEPSIN COMPOUND [illegible] At your [illegible]

DR. TABER MFG. CO., Peoria, Ill.

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN." MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES

SAPOLIO

EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sold for $1.00 per box.

For Sale by Wm. Melville, corner of Main and High Sts.

BETRAYED NAPOLEON III.

Arrest of Countess Castiglione's Maid Discloses Strange Facts.

A new page has been furnished to the history of the relations of Napoleon III. to Italy by the arrest at Rome of Angelica Vergozzola, the maid of the late Countess Castiglione, who was the reputed mistress of the emperor, says the New York Press. The maid was arrested upon the charge of stealing a large part of the personal property of the Countess Castiglione, and other arrests are expected.

Angelica Vergozzola's house was searched by the police, and many private letters between Countess Castiglione and Napoleon III., King Victor Emmanuel and Cavour were discovered. An ivory crucifix worth 15,000 francs, choice Sevres vases and costly jewels were also found.

It is believed that Countess Castiglione, who died in Paris in November, 1899, had been sent to Paris by Cavour to captivate the emperor, and the letters captured show that she kept Cavour informed of the emperor's doings.

Thousands Sent Into Exile.

Every year a large number of poor sufferers whose lungs are sore and racked with coughs are urged to go to another climate. But this is costly and not always sure. Don't be an exile when Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption will cure you at home. It's the most infallible medicine for Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung diseases on earth. The first dose brings relief. Astounding cures result from persistent use. Trial bottles free at H. F. Vortkamp's. Price 50c and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

Many a girl who marries for money discovers that she has had a gold brick worked off on her.

FOR PNEUMONIA.

Dr. C. J. Bishop, Agnew, Mich., says: "I have used Foley's Honey and Tar in three very severe cases of pneumonia with good results in every case." Beware of substitutes.

H. F. Vortkamp, corner Main and North streets.

DISTANCED THE "SHADOW."

Secret Service Officer Outstripped by the President and His Son.

President Roosevelt, accompanied by his son Theodore, outstripped the secret service officer who was detailed to follow him the other afternoon in Washington, says the New York Tribune. Leaving the White House about 4 o'clock, they walked across country to Cabin John Bridge, a celebrated resort in Montgomery county, Md., about seven miles northwest of Washington and only a short distance from the Potomac river. For the greater part of the walk the detective, who was ordered by the president not to shadow him, kept pace with the chief magistrate and his son.

On the way back to the White House, at a place near the Chain bridge, which connects the banks of the Potomac about three or four miles from Georgetown, the secret service man became exhausted. Here he was forced to remain several minutes to rest and get his breath. In the meantime the president and his son proceeded to the White House. It was an hour or more after dark when they arrived. The outstripped secret service officer came in to make his report about an hour and a half later. He was completely played out and has not told any one whether he took the electric cars in or not.

YOU should know that Foley's Honey and Tar is absolutely the best for all diseases of the throat and lungs. Dealers are authorized to guarantee it to give satisfaction.

H. F. Vortkamp, corner Main and North streets.

A chorus girl's tights are sometimes a padded sell.

A Cure for Lumbago.

W. C. Williamson, of Amherst, Va., says: "For more than a year I suffered from lumbago. I finally tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm and it gave me entire relief, which all other remedies had failed to do. Sold by Wm. Melville, old post office corner.

Hoax—"There's one thing we ought to keep tabs on this kind of weather." Joax—"What's that?" Hoax—"Ears."

MORE

Returns of Social Season

Keep Society

On the Move to Meet Obligations.

Several Enjoyable Affairs Mark the Advent of the New Year.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hall Entertain a Number of Friends, the Guests of Honor Being the Postoffice Employes.

Mrs. Katherine Snook, of west North street, opened her home yesterday for the following members of the German Reformed Aid society: Mrs. H. Deisel, Mrs. J. Kissel, Mrs. F. Hoegner, Mrs. J. Moser, Mrs. E. Cantieny, Mrs. J. Hoffman, Mrs. A. Zimmerman, Mrs. Wm. Rhoda, Mrs. George Klein, Mrs. F. G. Steuber, Mrs. F. Herold, Mrs. P. Land, Mrs. L. Rhoda, Mrs. F. Snook, Mrs. Wm. Griebling, Mrs. L. Koch, Mrs. L. J. Steuber and Mrs. G. Bassler, who received a large number of their friends from two to six o'clock. The pleasant rooms were decked with Christmas greens and soft music made a pleasing accompaniment to the conversation of the callers. In the dining room red was the color scheme, tall brass candle sticks holding red candles and were placed around the centerpiece of red carnations. The various ladies took turns serving the dainty refreshments during the allotted hours. In the evening their home was again filled, this time with the young men and maidens of the church and what a good time they did have with games and music and refreshments.

* * *

Delightful hospitality and charming informality were the characteristics of Dr. and Mrs. George Hall's New Year's reception, their guests being the postoffice employes and a few good friends. The quaint and comfortable rooms were decorated with yuletide greens, intermingled with fragrant pinks of various hues. Mrs. Homer Hall and Mrs. George Holland were valuable aids to the genial host and hostess, and were ever ready to serve the sparkling frappe to thirsty callers and to give them souvenirs carnations. The dining room was in charge of trained waiters, who served a substantial two course lunch from two until six o'clock. In the east parlor, Mrs. Norman Townsend amused the guests with numerous selections from his fine graphaphone.

Mr. and Mrs. I. S. Motter, of west Spring street, will entertain a number of friends tomorrow evening.

* * *

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McComb, Elizabeth street, was filled with about forty friends Tuesday evening who watched the year grow old with a merry round of progressive pedro, the royal prizes being secured by Dr. D. W. Steiner and Mrs. M. P. Colt. A midnight spread was the closing feature of the party.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Carpenter, of north Pierce street, entertained a number of friends at a very handsomely appointed dinner last evening.

* * *

The Thursday afternoon club met yesterday with Miss B. Harper, of west Spring street. The guest of the club was Mrs. Minnie Walker. A social afternoon was followed by a dainty five o'clock tea and then the hostess presented each guest a pretty souvenir.

* * *

Mrs. Charles Collins, of west Market street, entertained at luncheon today for Mrs. Ed. Hull, of Chicago.

* * *

Miss Alice Day, of Toledo, has returned to her home after a delightful visit in Lima.

* * *

Mr. Louis Gerstenberger left today for his home in Cleveland, after visiting her relatives, the F. G. Borges and Wm. Irish families.

* * *

Twenty little people were made happy by attending Donald Sullivan's party in honor of his seventh birthday anniversary.

* * *

Mr. Hugh Francis will on Monday return to Chicago, to attend the Lewis school, which he attended a year ago.

* * *

About forty friends enjoyed Tuesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McComb, of north Elizabeth street. Prizes at cards were won by Dr. D. W. Steiner and Mrs. M. P. Colt.

Mr. and Mrs. I. S. Motter will entertain a number of friends this evening at their home on west Spring street.

* * *

Holmes Mackenzie leaves tomorrow for school at Lawrenceville, New Jersey.

* * *

Mrs. Merrit Reichelderfer will entertain a few friends tomorrow afternoon for Miss Clara Halliday, of Chicago.

* * *

Mrs. Elmer E. Mitchell entertained today for her guest, Miss Louise Walters, of London.

* * *

Last evening Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Custard were very agreeably surprised at their home on west North street by a party of friends who called unexpectedly and assisted them in a happy celebration of the forty-fifth anniversary of theid wedding.

BAR BILLS

Charged When Dough was Spent

Are Listed as Practically Non-Collectable.

Receiver Frank Baxter, of the Oak Cafe Makes a Report of Bills Still Owing Brooker & Courson.

F. E. Baxter, who was appointed receiver of the property of Brooker & Courson, former proprietors of the Oak, filed a statement today representing that he has used his best efforts to collect all accounts owing to the firm, but that there are many practically non-collectable. The exhibit accompanying the report is an interesting document, containing in the neighborhood of a hundred names of those who are indebted to the firm, the individual amounts ranging from a few cents to as high as $78. The total is not given, but is not far from $1,000.

Mr. Baxter says that it would be to the best interests of the estate to sell the accounts to the highest bidder.

Holds a Note.

C. G. Miller is the plaintiff in an action to recover the sum of $625 due on a six months note against Brooker & Courson. Attorney H. P. Williamson represents the plaintiff.

Real Estate Transfers.

Lucinda Woods to Jay Faunce, inlot 19, in Beaver Dam, $1.

James Phalen to Pheby J. Abbott, lot 5168, in Melly's west Wayne street addition to Lima, $1,250.

MACKEY

Outclassed the Little Fellow,

And Wants a Go With Young Corbett—"Maybe."

Chick Brooker Only Lasted Two Rounds—Orators Laud Prize-fighting and Condemn Football.

Findlay sports have gone into another fit of gush over their little pugilistic protege, Biz Mackey, who, last night, won a decision over a little chump from Cincinnati. A dispatch from the ex-gas village says:

"Biz Mackey put Chick Brooker out of the business here this evening, before an immense holiday crowd, in two rounds of fast fighting. Referee Neal stopped the fight in the second round, the Cincinnati lad being too weak to respond. Mackey led from the tap of the gong and not only walked all around the shifty Chick, but dealt upper cuts that sent him to the ropes in the first half minute's sparring. The boxing was clean-cut all the way through, but Mackey had his man on the ropes all the time. Brooker put up a plucky fight, but was simply outclassed. When it was over he freely acknowledged the superiority of the Findlay lad saying, "Mackey is the fastest and shiftiest youngster I have ever met. He has no business boxing with dubs like myself, Wilson or Bezenah. He can best these as well as he did me. He wants to go after the biggest one she can find, and I'll put money on him." Brooker's pluck won him considerable applause. An unusual event was the speech-making before the bout. A number of members of the city council, who were present, made short addresses, but the main address was by ex-State Senator David Joy, who heartily commended Manager Riley and the boxing contests. He said there was no more comparison between boxing as conducted here and football than between football and prayer meetings."

ELKS

Held New Year's Open House.

Many Visitors

Received and Entertained by Them.

Lodge Rooms were Neatly Decorated and Brilliantly Lighted.

Reception Committees were Kept Busy from 3 to 6 O'clock—Refreshments Served in the Banquet Hall.

In accordance with the custom that has prevailed for many years the local lodge of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks held open house in honor of the new year at the lodge rooms on south Main street yesterday afternoon and from 3 to 6 o'clock fully three hundred members and visiting friends were received and entertained. The rooms were neatly decorated and brilliantly lighted and the card and billiard rooms were constantly the scene of interesting games. In the lodge room members and friends congregated for social chat and in the banquet room members of the committee of the day had provided an inviting lunch table where claret punch, turkey and ham sandwiches, celery, pickles, olives, wafers and many other seasonable edibles were served. There was a constant stream of members and visitors coming and going and all were delighted with the manner in which they were received and entertained.

Bro. C. A. Richmond presided at the piano and during the afternoon an informal program of vocal solos and choruses were rendered by the local talent.

The members who served on the reception committee during the afternoon were as follows:

From 3 to 4 o'clock—Bros. Weadock, E. DuGray, Shultheis, Adgate, Young, Poage, Christen, Blattenberg and Pence.

From 4 to 5 o'clock—Bros. Summers, Parmenter, T. J. Cunningham, Downing, McCune, Phillips, Hover, Rowlands and Pangle.

From 5 to 6 o'clock—Bros. Woolery, Arndt, Buckhouser, Mell, Bell, King, Rich, Lutz, and Newman.

M. A. MULLIGAN

To Wed an Ironton Young Lady, Wednesday.

M. A. Mulligan, the well known young contractor of this city, will, on next Wednesday morning wed Miss Mary Killoran, of Ironton, Ohio. The young benedict to be is the son of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Mulligan, of this city, and the bride to be is the daughter of P. K. Killoran, a retired merchant of Ironton, and is a lady of culture and refinement. The nuptials will take place at St. Lawrence Catholic church at Ironton, on the above date. Rev. J. H. Cotter will officiate. Many friends and relatives of the groom-elect from this city will attend.

FORMER

Lima Youth Dies at His Late Home in Shelby Co.

Paul Hannan, aged 13 years, son of Dennis Hannan, a former resident of this city, died at the home of his father, near McCartysville, of Bright's disease, Tuesday morning. The funeral took place from Sacred Heart church at McCartyville this morning, Rev. Bigot officiating. Relatives and friends from this city attended the funeral services.

Rabbits at Townsend's.

INSTALLATION NIGHT.

The Home Guards meet in regular session tomorrow evening, when the officers recently elected will be installed. All members are requested to be present.

Makes assimulation perfect, healthy blood, firm muscles, strong nerves, Quickens the brain, makes and keeps you well. Gread medicine, Rocky Mountain Tea. 35c. Ask your druggist. 43

Rabbits at Townsend's.

HUNDREDS

Called at the Y. M. C. A. Yesterday.

The Reception Being a Pronounced Success,

Music, Refreshments and Athletics Made Up a Program That Delighted All Those Who Attended.

The Y. M. C. A. building was a scene of marked activity all day yesterday, and the pronounced success of the New Years day reception can be credited to the ladies who constitute the auxiliary. Light refreshments were served and while there were three hundred or more who partook, the number of callers during the day will easily reach a thousand. The building was open for inspection and strangers who were present were visibly impressed not only with the building itself, but the manner in which the institution is at present conducted.

It was one of the day's most successful social affairs and a neat sum in dimes helped to satisfy those who assisted in making the event pay for itself.

The chief attraction was the gymnasium, where the men and boys, who have been well drilled in athletics, demonstrated their ability to perform difficult feats, or were pitted against each other in a series of basket ball and volley ball games.

Good music was also an attraction, Prof. Dillard's orchestra rendering a number of choice selections. The program included also vocal and instrumental selections by Miss Lillian Arthur, Miss Ethel Heffner, Miss Grace Angel, Miss Gollie, Mrs. I. R. Longsworth and George Moore.

Eight games of basket ball were played, interest centering particularly on the game between the high school team and alumni, the former winning by a score of 44 to 19.

In a series of three games of volley ball, the Business Men's team won from the Seniors in each contest, and the married men won from the single men by the score of 34 to 25.

The event will have the effect of stirring up new interest in the institution and in addition to holding the present members a number of new ones will be added to the list.

BANNER TENT

Degree Team will Go to Roundhead Saturday.

Saturday afternoon the degree team of Banner Tent No. 356, Knights of the Maccabees, will go to Roundhead to exemplify the initiatory work of the order for a new tent that has been organized at that place. The members of the team and other members of the order who desire to go, will meet at the Donze hall at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon.

THE IDLER.

Clerks Banqueted.

The clerks in the Jacob Piper grocery in the Wheeler block enjoyed a fine New Years dinner served in the private dining room at Thos. Sullivan's cafe on east Market street. The repast was served by caterer John Schmeider and it is needless to say that it was gotten up and served in a manner which pleased all who were fortunate in being one of the party.

* * *

Takes a New Position.

"Forty" Noonan has resigned his position with W. H. Mattingly, the undertaker, and has accepted a position as driver for Thos. Duffield & Sons' grocery.

* * *

To Rebuild Wooster University.

A man of great wealth, whose name is not to be made public, has decided to give $100,000 to the fund for rebuilding the University of Wooster, which was completely wiped out by fire, December 11. The announcement was made by President Holden. The gift is on condition that the city and county raise $40,000 in 60 days and that another $100,000 be raised in the same time from outside sources. At a meeting of citizens held at Wooster Monday, it was decided to spare no efforts to raise the sum required locally.

* * *

Baptising Tonight.

The ordinance of baptism will be observed tonight at the church of Christ, West Wayne street.

We, the jury find that the deceased came to his death from heart failure, caused by not taking Rocky Mountain Tea made by Madicine Medicine Co. 35c. Ask your druggist. 45

A New Years Caller

DRY BLUEM GOODS

That will make you look in amazement, can be found among the many buyers of the stylish Coats, Suits, Furs and Dressing Jackets that we have been selling in the last few days at ¼, ⅓ and ½ off the regular price.

Don't miss this opportunity to get double the value that you expected and pay the price that you had fixed your mind on. Come soon, as your size might be gone in a day or two.

The Remnant and Short Length sale is still on and just as exciting as last Saturday. All the good things are not gone, but we keep it at all times up to the

"Bluem Standard"

In excellence, style, quality and moderate price.

Ready-Made Reductions.

Prices are cut and these goods must go, and such prices as we have marked them at are making them hum—1-2, 1-3 and 1-4 off the regular price.

Coats, short length or 3-4 length.

Suits, Waists, Dressing Jackets, Wrappers and Furs.

The greatest assortment of Wrappers in flannelette and print ever shown in this city. Prices that were $1.25 to $2.50 each, all marked 98c and will all go in a jiffy. Be first to get choice patterns and your correct size.

Such Dressing Jacket values cannot be matched in any city and if you want to see how they sell at 1-2 price come see the crowds.

Silk Remnants.

Half priced and in lengths suitable for many uses.

Hemstitched effects,
Fancy Novelties,
Solid colors,
Figured,
Striped,
Dots.

Embroidery Remnants.

Cambric embroidery in 4½ yard lengths, two widths, 29c and 49c a piece of 4½ yards.

Wool Remnants.

Silk Mixed Fancies,
French Flannel,
Broadcloth,
Cashmere,
Cheviot,
Plaids,
Serge,
Checks.
Colored and Black,

Cotton Remnants.

Muslin, bleached and unbleached,
Flannelette,
Ginghams,
Linings,
Shirtings,
Tuckings,
Prints.

Remnant Priced Handkerchiefs.

A beautiful grade of Belfast linen; 1-8, 1-4 and 1-2 inch hemstitched. They are worth 25c each, but we must move even as small an item and the price is 2 for 25c.

Handsome Initial Linen Handkerchiefs and most all letters, 2 for 25c.

Extra Value Blankets.

The grandest quality of 1-4 gray blankets we ever sold at this price. $2.75 they should be $3.50 and only enough cotton to make them wear right.

See the window display of these and popular makes at moderate prices.

Dress Goods, Suit House,
55-57 Pub. Sq.

Start the New Year Right

By Saving Money on Your Purchases!

All-Wool Melton Suits, worth $15.00, at $10.00.
All-Wool Melton Suits, worth $15.00, at $9.00.
All-Wool Melton Suits, worth $10.00 and $12.00, at $7.00.
Dutchess Trousers $1.25, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00.
Boys' and Children's Overcoats at 1-4 off.
Boys' and Children's Suits at prices that will appeal to economical buyers.
Winter Caps and Underwear—all styles, all colors, all prices.

If You Want the Best Goods in the
Market at the Lowest
Possible Prices
We Have
Them.

ALBRECHT BROS.
The American Clothiers.

"Meet Me at the Lima House Corner."